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AT-FBUS

Fieldbus Stack Interface Reference Manual

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About This Manual

This manual describes the functions that comprise the Fieldbus Stack Interface Library, and is intended for application programmers. The Fieldbus Stack Interface Library is intended for use with Windows 3.1.

This manual assumes that you are already familiar with the Windows operating system.

How to Use the Manual Set

Use the *Getting Started with Fieldbus* manual to install and configure your AT-FBUS/H1 board, the Fieldbus Stack Interface Library, and the NI-SHELL Function Block Shell software.

Use the *Getting Started with the H1 Fieldbus Device Interface Kit* manual to install and configure your Fieldbus Round Card.

Use the *Fieldbus Stack Interface Reference Manual* to learn about writing client application programs that interface to your AT-FBUS/H1 board.

Use the *NI-SHELL Function Block Shell Reference Manual* to learn about writing Function Block server applications which interface to your AT-FBUS/H1 board or which are embedded in the Fieldbus Round card.

Use the *Fieldbus Control Dialog User Manual* to learn to use the interactive Fieldbus dialog system with your AT-FBUS/H1 board.

Use the *NI-FMON Fieldbus Monitor User Manual* to learn to use the interactive NI-FMON Fieldbus Monitor utility with your AT-FBUS/H1 board.

Organization of This Manual

This manual is organized as follows:

- Chapter 1, *Introduction*, gives the background and a description of the Stack Interface Library.
- Chapter 2, Functional Overview, introduces some key concepts and provides an overview of the functional components of the Stack Interface Library.
- Chapter 3, *SIL Function Calls*, describes the Stack Interface Library function calls.
- Chapter 4, *Callback Functions*, describes the callback functions of the Stack Interface Library.
- Appendix A, Sample Program, contains a sample program using the Stack Interface Library.
- Appendix B, *Customer Communication*, contains forms you can use to request help from National Instruments or to comment on our products and manuals.

Conventions Used in This Manual

The following conventions are used in this manu	al:
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bold Bold text denotes menus, menu items, or dialog box buttons or options.

italic Italic text denotes emphasis, a cross reference, or an introduction to a

key concept.

bold italic Bold italic text denotes a note, caution, or warning.

monospace Text in this font denotes text or characters that are to be literally input

from the keyboard, sections of code, programming examples, and syntax examples. This font is also used for the proper names of disk drives, paths, directories, programs, subprograms, subroutines, device names, functions, variables, filenames, and extensions, and for

statements and comments taken from program code.

Angle brackets enclose the name of a key on the keyboard–for

example, <PageDown>.

A hyphen between two or more key names enclosed in angle brackets

denotes that you should simultaneously press the named keys–for

example, <Control-Alt-Delete>.

Abbreviations, acronyms, metric prefixes, mnemonics, symbols, and terms are listed in the *Glossary*.

Related Documentation

The following document contains information that you may find helpful as you read this manual:

- Fieldbus Standard for Use in Industrial Control Systems Part 2
- Fieldbus Foundation Specification
- Fieldbus Foundation System Management Services
- Function Block Application Process, Part 1
- Function Block Application Process, Part 2

Customer Communication

National Instruments wants to receive your comments on our products and manuals. We are interested in the applications you develop with our products, and we want to help if you have problems with them. To make it easy for you to contact us, this manual contains comment and configuration forms for you to complete. These forms are in Appendix B, *Customer Communication*, at the end of this manual.

Chapter 1

Introduction

This chapter gives the background and a description of the Stack Interface Library.

Background

The Stack Interface Library is an Application Programmer's Interface (API) for the National Instruments Fieldbus Communication Protocol Stack. Its most beneficial characteristics are as follows:

- It is an easy-to-use C language interface to the protocol stack.
- Its interface is dependent only on the protocol specification, not the implementation.

Description

The Stack Interface Library, or *SIL*, is a method used to interface an application to the National Instruments Fieldbus Communications Stack. The SIL allows synchronous and asynchronous calls, and has callback and event methods for synchronizing with the completion of asynchronous calls.

This release of the Stack Interface Library is in the form of a Dynamic Link Library (DLL) for Microsoft Windows 3.1. To use the interface library, you should do the following:

- Include "silext.h" in any source files that call the SIL.
- Link your application programs with the import library sil.lib.
- Make sure that the file sil.dll is in the Windows execution path when the user's application loads.
- Use the large memory model for the application.
- Use the 1-byte structure member alignment for all structures that communicate with the SIL.

Both the Import Library and DLL were created with Microsoft Visual C++ Version 1.5. A sample program is included in Appendix A, *Sample Program*.

Chapter 2

Functional Overview

This chapter introduces some key concepts and provides an overview of the functional components of the Stack Interface Library.

Several key concepts must be introduced before the function calls are described. These concepts are:

- Creation of bus descriptors
- Use of callback functions
- Asynchronous calls and "user data"
- Buffer management
- Use of events in Windows 3.1
- Function call return codes

Creation of Bus Descriptors

To send and receive Fieldbus messages over a certain Fieldbus, an application program must first open the bus. The open call returns a descriptor, which identifies the open bus. This descriptor is passed to all subsequent SIL calls to tell them which Fieldbus to operate on. When the application has finished using a bus, it must call the silclose function to close the bus descriptor.

Use of Callback Functions

To support asynchronous calls and indications from the Fieldbus, two callback functions may be registered with the SIL when a bus is opened. One callback function, the *confirmation callback*, is called upon completion of any asynchronous calls. The other callback function, the *indication callback*, is called when any indications are received from the network.

Both callback functions are optional and can be assigned a NULL value. If the confirmation callback is NULL, asynchronous calls cannot be used. If the indication callback is NULL, an application has to poll the SIL to retrieve indications.

Asynchronous Calls and User Data

All calls to the SIL which involve waiting for a response across the Fieldbus may be called synchronously, which means that the function does not return until the call has completed entirely; or they may be called asynchronously, which means that the function returns before the call has completed.

When an asynchronous call completes, the SIL calls the confirmation callback function registered when the descriptor was opened. A *user data* pointer, a parameter you supply to the function, is returned to the application as a parameter of the callback function. User data is an arbitrary pointer; it may point to any data you want to uniquely identify the call. If the user data value is NULL, the call is synchronous.

Buffer Management

All asynchronous calls which provide buffers for the SIL to fill in with data must manage those buffers. The buffers must be valid until the asynchronous call completes. Passing of buffers allocated on a function's local stack, for example, is invalid if the function might return before the asynchronous call completes.

Some buffers are allocated by the SIL; the application must inform the SIL when these buffers can be freed. Buffers for indication callback data are allocated by the SIL. The application must call the silResponse function when it is done processing the buffers so that the SIL may free them. This requirement is explained further in the silResponse function description.

Use of Events in Windows 3.1

The SIL implementation under Windows 3.1 requires the application to periodically call silGetMessage to allow the application's callbacks to be called. The callback functions are only called during a call to silGetMessage.

The calling of silGetMessage can be handled in one of two ways. The SIL can be configured to send the application a message (WM_SIL_MESSAGE, defined in silext.h) when silGetMessage has to be called, or the application may call silGetMessage periodically.

Function Return Codes

All SIL functions return 0 (zero) on success, and a value less than zero on failure. The error codes are defined in the header file silext.h. The cnfErrorType_t structure is used to return error information for Confirmed FMS service calls. A pointer to this type of structure must be passed as a parameter to all Confirmed FMS services. The structure contains a bit mask which indicates what error fields are present, along with the values of the error fields themselves. The Confirmed System Management calls use an unsigned 8-bit integer to return error codes.

SIL Data Types

The SIL uses basic data types defined in the include files types.h and string_t.h. In addition, SIL-defined data types, structures, and external prototypes are defined in the include file silext.h. In order to use the SIL, you must include "silext.h" in the source files. types.h and string_t.h are automatically included from within silext.h.

Chapter 3

SIL Function Calls

This chapter describes the Stack Interface Library function calls.

List of SIL Function Calls

Administrative Calls

silOpen Open a bus descriptor

silClose Close a bus descriptor

silGetMessage Allow callbacks to occur in Windows 3.1

silPollForIndication Check for new indications

silSetTimeout Set timeout for synchronous calls

FMS Calls

silInitiate Perform FMS initiate

silAbort Perform FMS abort

silRead Perform FMS read

silReadWithType Perform FMS read with type

silWrite Perform FMS write

silWriteWithType Perform FMS write with type

silGetOD Perform FMS get-od

silDefineVarList Perform FMS define variable list

 $\verb|silInitGenDomainDownloadPerform FMS Initiate Generic Domain \\$

Download

silGenDownloadSegment Perform FMS Generic Download Segment

silTerminateGenDownload Perform FMS Terminate Generic Domain

Download

silInfoReport Perform FMS information report

silEvent Perform FMS event notification

silAckEvent Perform FMS event acknowledgment

silAlterEventMonitoring Perform FMS alter event condition monitoring

silIdentify Perform FMS identify

silStatus Perform FMS status

System Management Calls

silSetPDTag Perform SM Set Physical Device Tag

silSetAddress Perform SM Set Device Address

silClearAddress Perform SM Clear Device Address

silSMIdentify Perform SM Device Identify

silFindTagQuery Perform SM Find Tag Query

silFindTagReply Perform SM Find Tag Reply

Administrative Calls

Purpose

Open an interface to a specified Fieldbus communications stack.

Format

int32 silOpen(uint8 boardNo, uint8 reserved2, uint16 indBufSz, indicationFunction_t ind, confirmFunction_t conf silDesc_t *desc, void *osDep)

Includes

#include "silext.h"

Parameters

IN boardNo	Index of the board in the board configuration
	file. Must be in the range 0-(numboards-1).
IN reserved2	Reserved for future use. Must be set to zero.
<pre>IN indBufSz</pre>	The size in bytes to reserve for indication
	processing.
IN ind	The callback function, if any, to handle

The callback function, if any, to handle

indications from this bus.

The callback function, if any, to handle IN conf

confirmations from this bus.

IN osDep OS-dependent parameter. See description. OUT desc The descriptor for this bus, to be used in future

calls to the SIL.

Return Values

Zero on success, less than zero on error.

Administrative Calls

Continued

Description

This call opens an interface to a communications stack associated with the specified Fieldbus board. In Windows 3.1, this is the index of the board in the win.ini file. For more information about board configuration using win.ini, see the *Getting Started with Fieldbus* manual.

The "reserved2" parameter is reserved for future use, and must be set to zero to ensure proper operation of this function.

If you plan to handle indications with the callback method, you must specify the buffer size (indBufSz) for the SIL to use for indications on this connection. The SIL allocates this buffer at open time and free the buffer when this descriptor is closed. A buffer size of at least 1024 bytes is recommended if indication callbacks are to be used.

This call registers an optional indication callback to handle incoming indications and an optional confirmation callback to handle returned confirmations. The format of these callbacks is described in Chapter 4, *Callback Functions*.

If the indication callback parameter ind is NULL, you must call silPollForIndication (see function description later in this chapter) to handle indications. If the confirmation callback parameter conf is NULL, only synchronous calls can be used with the descriptor desc.

The osDep parameter's use is operating-system dependent. In Windows 3.1, osDep can point to a window handle to notify the window when silGetMessage should be called. The message WM_SIL_MESSAGE is sent to the specified window when indications or confirmations come in. The message contains the descriptor value in the Windows parameter lparam. In Windows 3.1, if the osDep parameter is NULL, messages are not sent to the application, and you must call silGetMessage periodically to receive callbacks for indications or confirmations.

Note: osDep must be set to point to the valid window handle; it should not contain the actual value of the handle.

This call is synchronous.

silOpen

Administrative Calls

Continued

Possible Errors

SIL_RESOURCES Internal buffers or structures cannot be allocated.

SIL_BUS_CONFLICT This bus has already been opened.

SIL_HARDWARE_FAILURE The Fieldbus board is not responding to

messages.

SIL_BAD_CONFIG The software configuration data for the board is

invalid or incomplete.

silClose

Administrative Calls

Purpose

Close the interface specified by the descriptor.

Format

int32 silClose(silDesc_t desc)

Includes

#include "silext.h"

Parameters

IN desc

The descriptor for the bus to be closed.

Return Values

Zero on success, less than zero on error.

Description

This function tells the SIL to free any resources associated with the given descriptor. The specified descriptor can no longer be used, and any registered callbacks will no longer be called by the SIL.

This call is synchronous.

Possible Errors

SIL_BAD_DESCRIPTOR

The descriptor is invalid.

Administrative Calls

Purpose

Function specific to Windows 3.1 for processing messages from the bus.

Format

```
int32 silGetMessage(silDesc_t desc)
```

Includes

#include "silext.h"

Parameters

IN desc

The descriptor for the bus to be checked for messages.

Return Values

Zero on success, less than zero on error.

Description

The meaning of this function depends on the operating system. In Windows 3.1, this function must be called to allow indication and confirmation callbacks. If this function is not called, only synchronous calls may be used; callbacks would never occur. In Windows 3.1, this function should either be called periodically, or whenever the SIL sends a message to the window specified in silopen.

This function is synchronous. Callbacks to your code may occur during the call to this function.

Possible Errors

SIL_BAD_DESCRIPTOR	The descriptor is invalid.
SIL_BAD_INDICATION	An error occurred processing an indication.

silPollForIndication

Administrative Calls

Purpose

Check to see if any indications have arrived on the specified bus.

Format

Includes

#include "silext.h"

Parameters

IN desc	The descriptor for the bus to be checked.

IN dataLen Service-specific value.

OUT vcr The VCR for which the indication arrived.

OUT userData The invoke ID of the indication.
OUT fCode The function code of the indication.

OUT needResp Indicates whether or not silResponse must

be called.

OUT index Service-specific value.
OUT subindex Service-specific value.
OUT extra Service-specific value.
OUT data Service-specific value.
OUT dataLen Service-specific value.

Return Values

Zero on success, less than zero on error.

Administrative Calls

Continued

Description

This function polls the SIL to determine if a new indication has come in since the last call of this function. silPollForIndication is only meaningful if the indication callback function passed to silOpen was NULL. The return value is zero if an indication has arrived. The return value is less than zero if an error occurred or if no indications are available.

The application must have already allocated the buffer data, and *dataLength must be set to the size of data on entry. The SIL sets *dataLength to the actual size of any data in the indication upon return.

The service-specific parameters are described in Table 4-1, *Meaning of Indication Callback Parameters*.

This call is synchronous.

Possible Errors

SIL_NO_INDICATIONS SIL_BAD_DESCRIPTOR SIL_INVALID_CALL SIL_BAD_INDICATION No indications are waiting to be read.

Descriptor was invalid.

This descriptor has an indication callback.

An error occurred in decoding the next indication (that is, some sort of error in the packet occurred).

silSetTimeout

Administrative Calls

Purpose

Set the synchronous call timeout for the specified descriptor.

Format

```
int32 silSetTimeout(silDesc_t desc, silTimeout_t tmo)
```

Includes

#include "silext.h"

Parameters

IN desc The descriptor for this bus.

IN tmo The timeout in milliseconds to wait for

synchronous calls.

Return Values

Zero on success, less than zero on error.

Description

This function sets the timeout value that the SIL waits for a synchronous call to complete. The value specified is in milliseconds. When the timeout for the descriptor has expired, the synchronous calls return a timeout error (SIL_TIMEOUT).

A timeout does not cause an abort to be sent on the VCR when a synchronous call times out. To abort the VCR, the user must call silAbort (see function description later in this chapter).

This call is synchronous.

Possible Errors

SIL BAD DESCRIPTOR

The descriptor is invalid.

FMS Calls

Purpose

Perform an FMS initiate.

Format

Includes

#include "silext.h"

Parameters

IN desc	The descriptor for this bus.
IN vcr	The VCR under which to operate.

IN userData A pointer to data that identifies the asynchronous

call, or NULL to make the call synchronous.

IN odVersion The FMS "OD Version" Initiate

service parameter.

IN profile The FMS "Profile" Initiate service parameter.

IN accProt The FMS "Access Protection" Initiate

service parameter.

IN password The FMS "Password" Initiate service parameter.

IN accGroups The FMS "Access Groups" Initiate

service parameter.

OUT success Code of the FMS service

(nonzero for success, zero for failure).

OUT resp The response from the other side,

whether positive or negative.

sillnitiate

FMS Calls

Continued

Return Values

Zero on success, less than zero on error.

Description

This call performs the FMS initiate function to open a communications channel to an FMS entity on a remote device located across the specified descriptor. The response packet is returned in resp. The value of the resp parameter takes on either the positive or negative forms depending on whether FMS returned a positive or negative response. To determine the error status of the call, first check the return value of the function call. If the return value is zero, the FMS initiate packet was sent out correctly; otherwise, an error occurred before the call was sent out. Next, check the value of success. If FMS returned a positive response, success is TRUE; otherwise, success is set to FALSE. The caller can use the userData parameter to specify data that is returned to the confirmation callback. If userData is NULL, the call is synchronous.

Possible Errors

SIL_BAD_DESCRIPTOR SIL_RESOURCES SIL_NEGATIVE_CONFIRM

Descriptor was invalid.

No RAM available.

The call was synchronous and a negative confirmation was received.

FMS Calls

Purpose

Perform an FMS abort.

Format

int32 silAbort(silDesc_t desc, uint16 vcr, int8 reason)

Includes

#include "silext.h"

Parameters

IN desc The descriptor for this bus.
IN vcr The VCR under which to operate.

IN reason The FMS abort "Reason Code" parameter.

Return Values

Zero on success, less than zero on error.

Description

This function performs an FMS abort service. The FMS parameter "Locally Generated" is set to FALSE, and "Abort Identifier" is set to USER to indicate that the user layer requested the abort. See the FMS specification for the values for reason.

This is an unconfirmed synchronous call.

Possible Errors

SIL_BAD_DESCRIPTOR Descriptor was invalid. SIL_RESOURCES No RAM available.

silRead FMS Calls

Purpose

Perform an FMS read.

Format

Includes

#include "silext.h"

Parameters

IN desc The descriptor for this bus.

IN vcr The VCR under which to operate.

IN userData A pointer to any data that identifies the asynchronous call, or NULL to make

the call synchronous.

IN index
In subindex
The "Index" parameter to the FMS read service.
The "Subindex" parameter to the FMS read service.
The service parameter is omitted if

this parameter has the reserved value SIL_INVALID_SUBINDEX.

IN/OUT dataLen The length of the data read by the FMS read

service.

OUT data The buffer to hold the data resulting from the

FMS read service.

OUT errInfo The FMS confirmed service error data if the

service fails.

silRead

Continued

Return Values

Zero on success, less than zero on error.

Description

This call performs an FMS read request on the specified VCR. The response data is returned in data when the confirmation callback for the descriptor has been called with the userData specified in this call. The dataLength variable must be set to the length of the data buffer on entry. When the call completes, dataLength is set to the length of the data read. If the call failed, the error code information returns in errInfo.

FMS Calls

Possible Errors

SIL_BAD_DESCRIPTOR SIL_RESOURCES SIL_NEGATIVE_CONFIRM Descriptor was invalid. No RAM available.

The call was synchronous and a negative confirmation was received.

silReadWithType

FMS Calls

Purpose

Perform an FMS Read with Type.

Format

Includes

#include "silext.h"

Parameters

IN desc The descriptor for this bus.
IN vcr The VCR under which to operate.

IN userData A pointer to data that identifies the asynchronous

call, or NULL to make the call synchronous.

IN index The "Index" parameter to the FMS Read service.
IN subindex The "Subindex" parameter to the FMS Read

service. The service parameter is omitted if this parameter has the reserved value

SIL_INVALID_SUBINDEX.

IN/OUT *maxTypes

IN The length of the pre-allocated array "type."

OUT The actual number of elements returned in

"type."

IN/OUT dataLen The length of the data resulting from the FMS

Read With Type service.

OUT type The array of buffers to hold the type information

resulting from the service.

OUT data The buffer to hold the data resulting from the

FMS Read With Type service.

OUT errInfo The FMS confirmed service error data if the

service fails.

Return Values

Zero on success, less than zero on error.

FMS Calls

Continued

Description

This call performs an FMS Read With Type Request on the specified VCR. The response type information is placed in the type parameter.

The type parameter is an array of type description buffers. In most cases, the length of the array (passed in the maxTypes parameter) need only be one element, and the type parameter may point to a single buffer of type silTypeDesc_t. However, if the object being read is a variable list, then the array must be as long as the number of elements in the variable list. For example, to read a five-element variable list, you must allocate a five or more element type array, and set maxTypes to at least five to hold all of the data.

The response data is returned in data when the confirmation callback for the descriptor has been called with the userData specified in this call. The dataLength variable must be set to the length of the data buffer on entry. When the call completes, dataLength is set to the length of the data read. maxTypes is set to the number of elements returned in the type array. If the call failed, the error code information is returned in errInfo.

Possible Errors

SIL_BAD_DESCRIPTOR SIL_RESOURCES SIL_NEGATIVE_CONFIRM

Descriptor was invalid.

No RAM available.

The call was synchronous and a negative confirmation was received.

silWrite FMS Calls

Purpose

Perform an FMS write.

Format

Includes

#include "silext.h"

Parameters

IN desc The descriptor for this bus.
IN vcr The VCR under which to operate.
IN userData A pointer to data that identifies the

asynchronous

call, or NULL to make the call synchronous.

IN index The "Index" parameter to the FMS write service.

IN subindex The "Subindex" parameter to the FMS write

service. The service parameter is omitted if this parameter has the reserved value

SIL_INVALID_SUBINDEX.

IN data The "Data" parameter to the FMS write service.

IN dataLen The length in bytes of the data for the

FMS write service.

OUT errinfo The FMS confirmed service error data if the

service fails.

silWrite FMS Calls

Continued

Return Values

Zero on success, less than zero on error.

Description

This call performs an FMS write request on the specified VCR. The confirmation callback for the descriptor is called with this userData when the call is completed. If an error occurred, the confirmation callback is informed and errInfo is set to the error. The errInfo parameter is not valid until the confirmation callback for this descriptor has been called with the userData for this particular call. The caller can use the userData parameter to specify data that returns to the confirmation callback.

Possible Errors

SIL_BAD_DESCRIPTOR SIL_RESOURCES SIL_NEGATIVE_CONFIRM

Descriptor was invalid. No RAM available. The call was synchronous and a negative confirmation was received.

silWriteWithType

FMS Calls

Purpose

Perform an FMS Write with Type.

Format

Includes

#include "silext.h"

IN userData

Parameters

IN desc The descriptor for this bus.

IN vcr The VCR under which to operate.

A pointer to data that identifies the asynchronous

call, or NULL to make the call synchronous.

IN index The "Index" parameter to the FMS Write With

Type service.

IN subindex The "Subindex" parameter to the FMS Write

With Type service. The service parameter is omitted if this parameter has the reserved

value SIL_INVALID_SUBINDEX.

IN type The "Type" parameter to the FMS Write With

Type service.

IN numTypes The number of list elements if this is a variable

list, otherwise, set to 1.

IN data The "Data" parameter to the FMS Write With

Type service.

IN dataLen The length in bytes of the data for the FMS

Write

With Type service.

OUT errInfo The FMS confirmed service error data if the

service fails.

Return Values

Zero on success, less than zero on error.

FMS Calls

Continued

Description

This call performs an FMS Write With Type Request on the specified VCR.

The type parameter is an array of type description buffers. In most cases, the length of the array (passed in the numTypes parameter) need only be one element, and the type parameter may point to a single buffer of type silTypeDesc_t. However, if the object being written is a variable list, then the array must be as long as the number of elements in the variable list. For example, to write a five-element variable list, you must allocate a five or more element type array, and set numTypes to at least five to hold all of the data.

The confirmation callback for the descriptor is called with this userData when the call is completed. If an error occurred, the confirmation callback is informed, and errInfo is set to the error value. Note that the errInfo parameter is not valid until the confirmation callback for this descriptor has been called with the userData for this particular call. The parameter userData can be used by the caller to specify data that is returned to the confirmation callback.

Possible Errors

SIL_BAD_DESCRIPTOR SIL_RESOURCES SIL NEGATIVE CONFIRM

Descriptor was invalid.

No RAM available.

The call was synchronous and a negative confirmation was received.

silGetOD

FMS Calls

Purpose

Perform an FMS GetOD.

Format

Includes

#include "silext.h"

Parameters

IN desc The descriptor for this bus.
IN vcr The VCR under which to operate.

IN userData A pointer to data that identifies the asynchronous

call, or NULL to make the call synchronous.

IN form The "All attributes" parameter to the FMS

GetOD service.

IN index The "Index" parameter to the

FMS GetOD service.

IN readMult This parameter specifies whether to read a

single OD entry or multiple OD entries. A value

of zero indicates a single entry, while nonzero

indicates multiple entries.

OUT numObjs

This parameter contains the number of entries

returned by the GetOD service.

OUT data The "Data" parameter to hold the result of the

FMS GetOD service.

silGetOD FMS Calls

Continued

OUT dataLen The length in bytes of the data for the

FMS GetOD service.

OUT moreFollows Boolean flag indicating whether more entries

exist in the OD after the ones returned by this

call.

OUT errInfo The FMS confirmed service error data if the

service fails.

Return Values

Zero on success, less than zero on error.

Description

This call performs an FMS GetOD request. The parameter form specifies the short or long form of the OD. If readMult is nonzero, index is interpreted as the start index for reading the rest of the OD. The initial value for dataLength must be the length of the buffer data. The response data is placed in the data buffer when the confirmation callback for the descriptor is called, and the dataLength parameter is changed to the actual data length at that time. The caller can use the userData parameter to specify data that is returned to the confirmation callback. The numObjs parameter contains the number of responses in the returned data buffer.

If an error occurred, data is invalid and errInfo is set to the error which occurred. If readMult was TRUE, and if more responses are to follow, moreFollows is set to TRUE. In this case, to continue reading data, you must call silGetOD again, with the object dictionary index incremented by the number of objects already read.

Possible Errors

SIL_BAD_DESCRIPTOR Descriptor was invalid. SIL_RESOURCES No RAM available.

SIL_NEGATIVE_CONFIRM The call was synchronous and a negative

confirmation was received.

FMS Calls

Purpose

Perform an FMS Define Variable List.

Format

Includes

#include "silext.h"

Parameters

IN desc	The descriptor for this bus.
IN vcr	The VCR under which to operate

IN userData A pointer to data that identifies the asynchronous

call, or NULL to make the call synchronous.

IN indices The array of object indices to serve as the "List

of Variables" parameter to the FMS Define

Variable List service.

IN numIndices The number of elements in the indices array. IN accessProt The access groups, access rights, and password

protection for the variable list.

IN extension The "extension" parameter to the FMS Define

Variable List service.

OUT listIndex The index of the list object created, returned by

the service if successful.

OUT errInfo The FMS confirmed service error data if the

service fails.

Return Values

Zero on success, less than zero on error.

silDefineVariableList

FMS Calls

Continued

Description

This call performs an FMS Define Variable List request. If the call succeeds, listIndex is set to the index of the newly created variable list. The indices parameter specifies all of the indices that make up the variable list.

The accessProt parameter is a 32-bit-long bit string, encoded according to the FMS specification as follows:

Bits 0-7: Password_bit8 - Password_bit1
Bits 8-15: Access_groups8 - Access_groups1

Bits 17-19: Dg, Wg, Rg
Bits 21-23: D, W, R
Bits 29-31: Da, Wa, Ra

The confirmation callback for the descriptor is called with this userData when the call is completed. If an error occurred, the confirmation callback is informed, and errInfo is set to the error value. Note that the errInfo parameter is not valid until the confirmation callback for this descriptor has been called with the userData for this particular call. The parameter userData can be used by the caller to specify data that is returned to the confirmation callback.

Possible Errors

silDeleteVariableList

FMS Calls

Purpose

Perform an FMS Define Variable List.

Format

Includes

#include "silext.h"

Parameters

IN desc The descriptor for this bus.
IN vcr The VCR under which to operate.

IN userData A pointer to data that identifies the asynchronous

call, or NULL to make the call synchronous.

IN index The index of the variable list to be deleted.

OUT errInfo The FMS confirmed service error data if the

service fails.

Return Values

Zero on success, less than zero on error.

Description

This call performs an FMS Delete Variable List request. If successful, the list specified by index is deleted.

The confirmation callback for the descriptor is called with this userData when the call is completed. If an error occurred, the confirmation callback is informed, and errInfo is set to the error value. Note that the errInfo parameter is not valid until the confirmation callback for this descriptor has been called with the userData for this particular call. The parameter userData can be used by the caller to specify data that is returned to the confirmation callback.

Possible Errors

sillnitGenDomainDownload FMS Calls

Purpose

Perform an FMS Initiate Generic Domain Download.

Format

Includes

#include "silext.h"

Parameters

IN desc The descriptor for this bus.
IN vcr The VCR under which to operate.

IN userData A pointer to data that identifies the asynchronous

call, or NULL to make the call synchronous.

IN index The index of the domain to be downloaded.

OUT errInfo The FMS confirmed service error data if the

service fails.

Return Values

Zero on success, less than zero on error.

Description

This call performs an FMS Initiate Generic Domain Download request.

The confirmation callback for the descriptor is called with this userData when the call is completed. If an error occurred, the confirmation callback is informed, and errInfo is set to the error value. Note that the errInfo parameter is not valid until the confirmation callback for this descriptor has been called with the userData for this particular call. The parameter userData can be used by the caller to specify data that is returned to the confirmation callback.

Possible Errors

silGenDownloadSegment

Purpose

Perform an FMS Generic Download Segment.

Format

FMS Calls

Includes

#include "silext.h"

Parameters

IN desc The descriptor for this bus.
IN vcr The VCR under which to operate.

IN userData A pointer to data that identifies the asynchronous

call, or NULL to make the call synchronous.

IN index The index of the domain whose segment is to be

downloaded.

IN data The data representing the segment to be

downloaded.

IN dataLength The length of the data to be downloaded. IN moreFollows The "more follows" parameter to the FMS

Generic Download Segment service.

OUT errInfo The FMS confirmed service error data if the

service fails.

Return Values

Zero on success, less than zero on error.

silGenDownloadSegment FMS Calls

Continued

Description

This call performs an FMS Generic Download Segment request. The specified segment of data is downloaded if the call succeeds.

The confirmation callback for the descriptor is called with this userData when the call is completed. If an error occurred, the confirmation callback is informed, and errInfo is set to the error value. Note that the errInfo parameter is not valid until the confirmation callback for this descriptor has been called with the userData for this particular call. The parameter userData can be used by the caller to specify data that is returned to the confirmation callback.

Possible Errors

SIL_BAD_DESCRIPTOR SIL_RESOURCES

Descriptor was invalid. No RAM available.

silTerminateGenDownload FMS Calls

Purpose

Perform an FMS Terminate Generic Download.

Format

Includes

#include "silext.h"

Parameters

IN desc The descriptor for this bus.
IN vcr The VCR under which to operate.

IN userData A pointer to data that identifies the asynchronous

call, or NULL to make the call synchronous.

IN index The index of the domain whose download is to

be terminated.

OUT result The "result" parameter returned by the FMS

Terminate Generic Download service.

OUT errInfo The FMS confirmed service error data if the

service fails.

Return Values

Zero on success, less than zero on error.

Description

This call performs an FMS Terminate Generic Download request. The result of the download is returned by the remote device in result if the call succeeds.

The confirmation callback for the descriptor is called with this userData when the call is completed. If an error occurred, the confirmation callback is informed, and errInfo is set to the error value. Note that the errInfo parameter is not valid until the confirmation callback for this descriptor has been called with the userData for this particular call. The parameter userData can be used by the caller to specify data that is returned to the confirmation callback.

silTerminateGenDownload FMS Calls

Continued

Possible Errors

SIL_BAD_DESCRIPTOR SIL_RESOURCES

Descriptor was invalid. No RAM available.

silInfoReport

FMS Calls

Purpose

Perform an FMS Information Report.

Format

```
int32 silInfoReport (silDesc_t desc, uint16 vcr, uint16 index,
             uint16 subindex, void *data, uint8 dataLen)
```

Includes

#include "silext.h"

Parameters

IN desc	The descriptor for this bus.
IN vcr	The VCR under which to operate.
IN index	The "Index" parameter to the
	FMS Information Report service.
IN subindex	The "Subindex" parameter to the
	FMS Information Report service.
IN data	The "Data" parameter to the
	FMS Information Report service.
IN dataLen	The length in bytes of the data for the

Return Values

Zero on success, less than zero on error.

Description

This call performs an FMS Information Report request. No response packets return, because this is an unconfirmed service.

FMS Information Report service.

silInfoReport

FMS Calls

Continued

Possible Errors

SIL_BAD_DESCRIPTOR SIL_RESOURCES SIL_BUSY Descriptor was invalid. No RAM available. An internal error is detected.

silEvent

FMS Calls

Purpose

Perform an FMS Event Notification.

Format

Includes

#include "silext.h"

Parameters

T) 7	TT 1 1 0 11 1
IN desc	The descriptor for this bus.
IN vcr	The VCR under which to operate.
IN index	The "Index" parameter to the
	FMS Event Notification service.
IN number	The "Event number" peremeter to the

IN number The "Event number" parameter to the

FMS Event Notification service.

IN data

The "Data" parameter to the

FMS Event Notification service.

IN dataLen The length in bytes of the data for the

FMS Event Notification service.

Return Values

Zero on success, less than zero on error.

Description

This call performs an FMS Event Notification request. The number parameter refers to the event number according to the FMS specification. No response packets is returned because this is an unconfirmed service.

silEvent FMS Calls

Continued

Possible Errors

SIL_BAD_DESCRIPTOR SIL_RESOURCES

Descriptor was invalid. No RAM available.

Purpose

Perform an FMS Acknowledge Event Notification.

Format

Includes

#include "silext.h"

Parameters

IN desc The descriptor for this bus.
IN vcr The VCR under which to operate.
IN userData A pointer to data that identifies the

asynchronous call, or NULL to make the call

synchronous.

IN index The "Index" parameter to the

FMS Acknowledge Event Notification service.

IN number The "Event number" parameter to the

FMS Acknowledge Event Notification service.

OUT errInfo The FMS confirmed service error data if the

service fails.

Return Values

Zero on success, less than zero on error.

Description

This call performs an FMS Acknowledge Event Notification request. It should be used by a device after the device has received and processed an FMS Event Notification Indication.

silAckEvent

FMS Calls

Continued

Possible Errors

SIL_BAD_DESCRIPTOR SIL_RESOURCES SIL_NEGATIVE_CONFIRM Descriptor was invalid. No RAM available. The call was synchronous and a negative confirmation was received.

silAlterEventMonitoring

FMS Calls

Purpose

Perform an FMS Alter Event Condition Monitoring request.

Format

Includes

#include "silext.h"

Parameters

IN desc The descriptor for this bus.
IN vcr The VCR under which to operate.
IN userData A pointer to data that identifies the

asynchronous call, or NULL to make the call

synchronous.

IN index The "Index" parameter to the FMS Alter Event

Condition Monitoring service.

IN enabled The "Enabled" parameter to the

FMS Alter Event Condition Monitoring service.

OUT errInfo The FMS confirmed service error data if the

service fails.

Return Values

Zero on success, less than zero on error.

Description

This call performs an FMS Alter Event Condition Monitoring request. It should be used to enable or disable a device for reporting the specified event.

silAlterEventMonitoring

Continued

Possible Errors

SIL_BAD_DESCRIPTOR SIL_RESOURCES SIL_NEGATIVE_CONFIRM Descriptor was invalid. No RAM available. The call was synchronous and a negative

confirmation was received.

FMS Calls

silldentify

FMS Calls

Purpose

Perform an FMS Identify request.

Format

Includes

#include "silext.h"

Parameters

IN desc The descriptor for this bus.
IN vcr The VCR under which to operate.
IN userData A pointer to data that identifies the

asynchronous call, or NULL to make the call

synchronous.

OUT vendorName The vendor name returned by the

Identify service.

OUT modelName The model name returned by the Identify service.

OUT revision The revision string returned by the

Identify service.

OUT errInfo The FMS confirmed service error data

if the service fails.

Return Values

Zero on success, less than zero on error.

silldentify

FMS Calls

Continued

Description

This call performs an FMS Identify Request on the specified VCR. The confirmation callback for the descriptor is called with this userData when the call is completed.

The parameters vendorName, modelName, and revision must point to usable buffers on input, and have their lengths set to the size of the buffers. When confirmation is received, the buffers are filled in and the lengths set accordingly. If the buffers are too small, as much of the strings as possible are copied into them.

Possible Errors

SIL_BAD_DESCRIPTOR SIL_RESOURCES SIL_NEGATIVE_CONFIRM Descriptor was invalid. No RAM available. The call was synchronous and a negative confirmation was received. silStatus

FMS Calls

Purpose

Perform an FMS Status request.

Format

Includes

#include "silext.h"

Parameters

IN desc The descriptor for this bus.
IN vcr The VCR under which to operate.

IN userData A pointer to data that identifies the asynchronous

call, or NULL to make the call synchronous.

OUT logicalStatus The logical status code returned by the

Status service.

OUT physicalStatus The physical status code returned by the

Status service.

OUT localDetailPresent A flag representing whether the local detail

value is present.

OUT localDetail The local detail value (if any) returned by the

Status service.

OUT errInfo The FMS confirmed service error data if the

service fails.

Return Values

Zero on success, less than zero on error.

silStatus

FMS Calls

Continued

Description

This call performs an FMS status request on the specified VCR.

If the localDetail parameter is specified by the server, localDetailPresent is set to nonzero and localDetail is set to the bit string supplied by the server. Otherwise, localDetailPresent is zero and the value of localDetail should be ignored. If localDetail is supplied, only the lowest 24 bits are used. The user should mask off the upper 8 bits.

Possible Errors

SIL_BAD_DESCRIPTOR SIL_RESOURCES SIL_NEGATIVE_CONFIRM Descriptor was invalid. No RAM available. The call was synchronous and a negative confirmation was received.

silSetPDTag

System Management Calls

Purpose

Perform an SM Set Physical Device Tag service.

Format

Includes

#include "silext.h"

Parameters

IN desc The descriptor for this bus.

IN userData A pointer to data that identifies the asynchronous

call, or NULL to make the call synchronous.

IN pdTag The tag to use.

IN nodeAddress The address of the device.

IN deviceID The System Management ID of the device.
IN clear Indicates whether or not to clear the device's

tag.

OUT errorCode The SM error code if the service fails.

Return Values

Zero on success, less than zero on error.

silSetPDTag

System Management Calls

Continued

Description

This call performs an SM Set Physical Device Tag service. Both the node address and the device ID of the target device must be specified. If clear is nonzero, the pdTag parameter is ignored, and the device's tag is cleared.

The confirmation callback for the descriptor is called with this userData when the call is completed. If an error occurred, the confirmation callback is informed, and errInfo is set to the error value. Note that the errInfo parameter is not valid until the confirmation callback for this descriptor has been called with the userData for this particular call. The parameter userData can be used by the caller to specify data that is returned to the confirmation callback.

Possible Errors

SIL_BAD_DESCRIPTOR SIL_RESOURCES

Descriptor was invalid. No RAM available.

System Management Calls

Purpose

Perform an SM Set Address service.

Format

Includes

#include "silext.h"

Parameters

IN desc The descriptor for this bus.

IN userData A pointer to data that identifies the asynchronous

call, or NULL to make the call synchronous.

IN pdTag The tag of the device whose address is to be set.

IN nodeAddress The new address of the device.

OUT errorCode The SM error code if the service fails.

Return Values

Zero on success, less than zero on error.

Description

This call performs an SM Set Device Address service The tag of the target device must be specified.

The confirmation callback for the descriptor is called when the call is completed. If an error occurs, the confirmation callback is informed, and errorCode is set to the error. Note that the errorCode parameter is not valid until the confirmation callback for this descriptor has been called for this particular call. The parameter userData can be used by the caller to specify data that is returned to the confirmation callback.

Possible Errors

System Management Calls

Purpose

Perform an SM Clear Address service.

Format

Includes

#include "silext.h"

Parameters

IN desc The descriptor for this bus.

IN userData A pointer to data that identifies the asynchronous

call, or NULL to make the call synchronous.

IN pdTag The tag of the device whose address is to be

cleared.

IN nodeAddress The address of the device whose address is to be

cleared.

IN deviceID The device ID of the device whose address is to

be cleared.

OUT errorCode The SM error code if the service fails.

Return Values

Zero on success, less than zero on error.

Description

This call performs an SM Clear Device Address service The tag, address, and ID of the target device must be specified.

The confirmation callback for the descriptor is called when the call is completed. If an error occurs, the confirmation callback is informed, and errorCode is set to the error. Note that the errorCode parameter is not valid until the confirmation callback for this descriptor has been called for this particular call. The parameter userData can be used by the caller to specify data that is returned to the confirmation callback.

silClearAddress

System Management Calls

Continued

Possible Errors

SIL_BAD_DESCRIPTOR SIL_RESOURCES

Descriptor was invalid. No RAM available.

System Management Calls

Purpose

Perform an SM Identify service.

Format

Includes

#include "silext.h"

Parameters

IN desc The descriptor for this bus.

IN userData A pointer to data that identifies the asynchronous

call, or NULL to make the call synchronous.

IN nodeAddress The address of the device to identify.

OUT pdTag The tag of the device.

OUT deviceID The device ID of the device.

OUT errorCode The SM error code if the service fails.

Return Values

Zero on success, less than zero on error.

Description

This call performs an SM Identify service The node address of the target device must be specified.

The confirmation callback for the descriptor is called when the call is completed. If an error occurs, the confirmation callback is informed, and errorCode is set to the error. Note that the errorCode parameter is not valid until the confirmation callback for this descriptor has been called for this particular call. The parameter userData can be used by the caller to specify data that is returned to the confirmation callback.

silSMIdentify

System Management Calls

Continued

Possible Errors

SIL_BAD_DESCRIPTOR SIL_RESOURCES

Descriptor was invalid. No RAM available.

System Management Calls

Purpose

Perform a System Management Find Tag Query.

Format

```
int32 silFindTagQuery (silDesc_t desc, uint8 queryID,
             dlAddr_t destAddress, findTag_t type, string_t pdTag,
             string_t vfdOrFBTag, uint32 paramID,
             uint8 *errorCode)
```

Includes

#include "silext.h"

Parameters

IN desc The descriptor for this bus.

IN queryID The "Query-ID" parameter for the Find Tag

service. This must be a unique identifier,

because it is used to identify the Find Tag Reply

indications resulting from this call.

The "Dest-addr" service parameter. IN destAddress

The type of object being searched for: Physical IN type

> Device (FIND_PD), Virtual Field Device (FIND_VFD), Function Block (FIND_FB), or

parameter (FIND_FB_PARAM).

The tag of the physical device to be located. IN pdTag IN vfdOrFBTag

The tag of the Virtual Field Device or Function

Block to be located.

The 32 bit parameter identifier of the parameter IN paramID

to be located.

OUT errorCode The System Management service error code.

This value is only valid if the service failed

(in this case, the function will have returned

SIL_NEGATIVE_CONFIRM).

silFindTagQuery

System Management Calls

Continued

Return Values

Zero on success, less than zero on error.

Description

This call performs a System Management Find Tag Query request. This call is special in that the confirmation that is returned does not contain the result of the query; it only contains information indicating whether or not the request was sent. When the other station responds to the query, a Find Tag Reply indication arrives at the descriptor's indication callback.

The queryID parameter is returned in the Find Tag Reply indication, when it occurs. The type parameter specifies the type of tag you are searching for: Physical Device tag, VFD tag, FB tag, or FB Parameter tag. The destAddress parameter specifies who to send the query to.

In the case of a VFD tag search, both the pdTag and vfdOrFBTag must be filled in. In the case of a FB tag search, or FB parameter tag search, only the vfdOrFBTag must be filled in; pdTag is ignored.

Note:

This call does not wait for the first Find Tag Reply; instead, it returns when the request is sent out. The return value of the call indicates only whether the request was sent.

Possible Errors

SIL_BAD_DESCRIPTOR If descriptor was invalid. SIL_RESOURCES If no RAM available.

SIL_NEGATIVE_CONFIRM If a negative confirmation occurred.

System Management Calls

Purpose

Perform a System Management Find Tag reply.

Format

```
int32 silFindTagReply (silDesc_t desc, uint8 queryID,
             dlAddr_t destAddress, findTag_t type, vfdRef_t vfd,
             uint16 odIndex, uint16 odVersion, uint8 *errorCode)
```

Includes

#include "silext.h"

Parameters

IN desc The descriptor for this bus.

The "Query-ID" parameter for the Find Tag Reply IN queryID

service. This must be the query ID of the Find Tag

Query that this reply is for.

The "Dest-addr" service parameter. IN destAddress

The type of object being searched for: Physical IN type

Device (FIND PD), Virtual Field Device

(FIND_VFD), Function Block (FIND_FB), or

parameter (FIND_FB_PARAM).

IN vfd The "VFD" service parameter. IN odIndex The "Index" service parameter. The "OD-Version" service parameter. IN odVersion

OUT errorCode The System Management service error code. This

> value is only valid if the service failed, and the function returned SIL_NEGATIVE_CONFIRM.

silFindTagReply

System Management Calls

Continued

Return Values

Zero on success, less than zero on error.

Description

This call performs a System Management Find Tag Reply request. This call should be made in response to a Find Tag Query indication, and the queryID, desc, destAddress, and type parameters should be copied from the indication parameters. The following table lists the parameters that must be filled in depending on the value of type:

Value of type	Parameters to be Filled In
FIND_PD	deviceID
FIND_VFD	<pre>vfd, pathInfo, moreVcr, odVersion</pre>
FIND_FB	<pre>vfd, pathInfo, moreVcr odVersion, odIndex</pre>
FIND_FB_PARAM	<pre>vfd, pathInfo, moreVcr, odVersion, odIndex</pre>

For a description of each of the parameters, refer to the Fieldbus Foundation System Management Services specification. Note that the pathInfo parameter is a list of indices in the Network Management Information Base (NMIB) for VCRs that can be used to access the object of the Find Tag search. If the list is too long to be placed in a single packet, the SIL internally reduces the size of the list and sets the moreVcr parameter to TRUE. The call still succeeds.

This call is synchronous.

Note: The return value of the call indicates only whether the request was sent.

silFindTagReply

System Management Calls

Continued

Possible Errors

SIL_BAD_DESCRIPTOR SIL_RESOURCES SIL_NEGATIVE_CONFIRM Descriptor was invalid. No RAM available.

A negative confirmation occurred.

Chapter

Callback Functions

This chapter describes the callback functions of the Stack Interface Library.

Confirmation Callback Function

Confirmations are responses from the stack about a previous call. When a confirmation enters the stack from the bus, the stack informs the SIL. If the original call was an asynchronous call, the SIL calls the your confirmation callback routine, filling in the appropriate parameters for the call. In order for this to happen, the confirmation callback routine must have been previously registered with silopen.

The confirmation callback routine must take the following parameters:

The userData parameter is an arbitrary pointer that you pass in during the initial request call.

A nonzero success parameter indicates a successful call. If the call is successful, then any pointers passed in as part of the initial request are filled with data. If the call is unsuccessful (success is set to zero), then the errinfo pointer specified in the initial request (if any) is filled with the error information.

Indication Callback Function

Indications are messages from the stack about something other than the previous call. When an indication enters the stack from the bus, the stack informs the SIL. If you registered an indication callback to silopen, then the SIL calls your indication callback routine, filling in the appropriate parameters for the call.

If the indication requires the data pointer (see Table 4-1), or if the indication requires a response from the user, the SIL sets the needResponse parameter to TRUE (nonzero). If needResponse is TRUE, you must call silResponse when indication processing is complete. This silResponse call serves the dual purpose of sending needed data to the requester, and informing the SIL that the data buffer can be reused.

Note:

If you do not call silResponse when needResponse is nonzero, all of the reserved memory is eventually used up, and you will stop receiving indications.

The indication callback routine must take the following parameters:

The meaning of the parameters listed after needResponse is summarized in Table 4-1, by function code. The data structures referred to are listed in the include file, silext.h.

Table 4-1. Meaning of Indication Callback Parameters

Function (fCode)	Parameter	Meaning
FMS_INITIATE	index subindex extra data dataLength	Unused Unused Unused Pointer to silInitiateInd_t Size of the data structure silInitiateInd_t
FMS_ABORT	index subindex extra data dataLength	<pre>locally_generated (see FMS) abort_id (see FMS) reasonCode (see FMS) Unused abort_detail (see FMS)</pre>
FMS_REJECT	index subindex extra data dataLength	Detected locally: 0=false 1=true Reject PDU type (0-4) (see FMS spec) Reject Code (0-6) (see FMS spec) userData for original call if confirmed service; otherwise NULL Unused
FMS_READ	index subindex extra data dataLength	Index of item to be read Subindex (if any) of item to be read Unused Pointer to buffer for response Size of buffer for response
FMS_WRITE	index subindex extra data dataLength	Index of item to be written Subindex (if any) of item to be written Unused Data to be written Length of data to be written

Table 4-1. Meaning of Indication Callback Parameters (Continued)

Function (fCode)	Parameter	Meaning	
FMS_GET_OD	index	Index (or start_index, depending on	
	subindex	do_multiple below) Form (1=long form, 0=short form)	
	extra	do_multiple (1=get multiple ODs, 0=get a single	
	extia	OD)	
	data	Pointer to buffer for response. This buffer is of type silGetODResponse_t, and the data field is initialized to point to the space for your response.	
	dataLength	Size of silGetODResponse_t	
FMS_INFO_REPORT	index	Index	
	subindex	Subindex if any	
	extra	Unused	
	data	The info report data	
	dataLength	The length of the info report data	
FMS_EVENT_NOTIFY	index	Index of event	
	subindex	Unique event number	
	extra	Unused	
	data	The event notify data	
	dataLength	The length of the event notify data	
FMS_ACK_EVENT	index	Index of event	
	subindex	Unique event number	
	extra	Unused	
	data	Unused	
	dataLength	Unused	
FMS_ALTER_EVENT_	index	Index of event	
MONITORING	subindex	Enable/disable flag: 0=disable, nonzero=enable	
	extra	Unused	
	data	Unused	
	dataLength	Unused	

Table 4-1. Meaning of Indication Callback Parameters (Continued)

Function (fCode)	Parameter	Meaning	
FMS_IDENTIFY	index subindex extra	Unused Unused Unused	
	data	Pointer to structure of type silldentifyResponseType for response data	
	dataLength	sizeof (silIdentifyResponse_t)	
FMS_STATUS	index subindex extra	Unused Unused Unused	
	data	Pointer to structure of type silStatusResponse_t	
	dataLength	sizeof(silStatusResponse_t)	
SM_FIND_TAG_QUERY	index subindex	Unused Unused	
	extra	Unused	
	data	Pointer to structure of type	
		silFindTagQueryInd_t	
	dataLength	<pre>sizeof(silFindTagQueryInd_t)</pre>	
SM_FIND_TAG_REPLY	index	Unused	
	subindex	Unused	
	extra	Unused	
	data	Pointer to structure of type silFindTagReplyInd_t	
	dataLength	sizeof(silFindTagReplyInd_t)	
SM_FB_START	index	OD Index of FB to start	
	subindex	Unused	
	extra	VFD pointer in which the FB resides	
	data	Unused	
	dataLength	Unused	

Table 4-1. Meaning of Indication Callback Parameters (Continued)

Function (fCode)	Parameter	Meaning	
FMS_READ_TYPE	index	Index of the object to be read	
	subindex	Subindex (if any) of the item to be read	
	data	Pointer to the buffer for the response. This buffer is of type silReadWithTypeResponse_t	
	datalength	<pre>sizeof(silReadWithTypeResponse_t)</pre>	
FMS_WRITE_TYPE	index	Index of object to be written	
	supindex	Subindex (if any) of the object to be written	
	data	Data to write to the object	
	dataLength	Size of data to write to object	
FMS_DEF_VARLIST	data	Pointer to the buffer for the response. This buffer is of type silDefineVarListInd_t	
	dataLength	sizeof(silDefineVarListInd_t)	
FMS_DEL_VARLIST	index	Index of variable list to be deleted	
FMS_GEN_INIT_ DOWNLOAD	index	Index of domain to be downloaded	
FMS_GEN_DOWNLOAD_ SEGMENT	index	Index of the domain, one of whose segments is being downloaded	
	subindex	moreFollows—nonzero if more segments are to follow	
	data	Segment data	
	dataLength	Number of bytes of the segment data	
FMS_GEN_TERM_DOWN LOAD	index	Index of the domain whose download is being terminated. Notice that calling silResponse is required for this indication, and that the "success" parameter to silResponse will be sent as the "final result" parameter in the response.	

SilResponse Function

The silResponse function, provided by the SIL, has the following prototype:

If the needResponse parameter to the indication callback was set to a nonzero value, you must call silResponse after you have processed the indication. The first three parameters are used to identify the indication which is being responded to. Therefore, if the desc, userData, and vcr parameters to silResponse do not exactly match the descriptor, invoke ID, and VCR of a current indication, silResponse fails and returns a nonzero error code. Otherwise, zero is returned to indicate success.

In all cases, any response data from you is copied before the call returns, so you can safely free any allocated buffers you have after the silResponse call returns.

You must set the remaining silResponse parameters as follows (note that FMS Initiate response is a special case):

If call was successful:

FMS Initiate case:

Set success=1
Set data to point to the silPositiveInitiateResponse_t structure (dataLength is ignored)

All other cases:

Set success = 1
Pass any response data in data
Put the size of the data into dataLength
(the value of err is ignored by the SIL)

If the call failed:

FMS Initiate case:

Set success=0
Set data to point to the
silNegativeInitiateResponse_t structure
Fill in only the errInfo portion of the structure—the remainder
is filled in by the stack
(dataLength is ignored)

All other cases:

Set success = 0
Put the error information into err
(data and dataLength are ignored)

Appendix

Sample Program

This appendix contains a sample program using the Stack Interface Library.

```
/* siltest.c - a sample program using the Stack Interface Library */
/* Copyright 1995 National Instruments Corporation */
/*
  This program is a simple example program which exercises the common
  FMS functions of the stack: Initiate, Read, Write, GetOD, Abort. It
  will execute these functions in sequence in response to an operator
  keystroke. The results from the Read and GetOD calls will be displayed
   on the screen in hex form.
  The program also polls for incoming indications and briefly
  displays them.
  This program can be compiled as a QuickWin application under Microsoft
  Visual C++ 1.5. Using it with other compilers may require
   some porting.
*/
#include <windows.h>
#include <io.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <silext.h>
/* defines */
#define SUBINDEX 255  /* subindex to use on read/writes */
#define INDICATION_BYTES 512 /* bytes to reserve for incoming
indications */
/* Made-up parameters to FMS initiate */
```

```
#define OD VERSION
                         0x1234
#define PROFILE
                           0x56
#define ACCESS_PROTECTION 0
#define PASSWORD
                         0x78
#define ACCESS GROUPS 0x9a
/* Made-up parameter to FMS Abort */
#define REASON CODE 2
/* globals */
uint16 gVcr = 0;
/* forward declarations */
extern void hexDump(char *data, uint16 len);
main()
{
  silDesc_t desc1 = 0, desc2 = 0;
  int32 r;
  uint8 dataLength;
  uint8 numObjs;
  bool_t moreFollows;
  char data[255];
  silInitiateResponse_t initResp;
  silFunctionCode_t fcode;
  uint32 extra;
  cnfErrorType_t err;
  uint8 needResponse;
  bool_t success;
  uint16 index, maxIndex;
  uint16 startIndex;
  uint16 tmpsubindex;
  uint16 tmpindex;
  uint16 userData;
  uint16 vcr;
  char str[80];
  /* Open a descriptor. We specify how many bytes to hold */
  /st indications, and since we will only poll, we will pass NULL for st/
  /* the callback functions, and NULL for the pointer to the */
   /* Window handle. */
   if (r = silOpen(0, 0, INDICATION_BYTES, NULL, NULL, &desc1, NULL))
     printf("silOpen failed! Error code: %ld\n", r);
     exit(1);
```

```
printf("silOpen succeeded. Descriptor returned: %d\n", descl);
silSetTimeout(desc1, 3000); /* 3000 milliseconds = 3 seconds */
printf("Enter VCR number to use for FMS calls: ");
gets(str);
gVcr = atoi(str);
printf("Enter starting OD index: ");
gets(str);
index = startIndex = atoi(str);
printf("Enter highest OD index: ");
gets(str);
maxIndex = atoi(str);
while(1)
   dataLength = sizeof(data);
   /* check for incoming indications */
   if (silPollForIndication(desc1, &vcr, &userData, &fcode,
                            &needResponse, &tmpindex, &tmpsubindex,
                            &extra, data, &dataLength) == 0)
   {
      printf("Indication received:\n");
     printf("vcr = %d userData = %d fCode = %d\n", vcr, userData,
              fcode);
      printf("needResponse = %d index = %d subindex = %d ...\n",
               needResponse, tmpindex, tmpsubindex);
      printf("dataLength = %d\n", dataLength);
   }
   printf("Press <ENTER> to send,  to poll, <i> for new index, <q>
            to quit\n");
   gets(str);
   if (str[0] == 'q')
     break;
   if (str[0] == 'p')
      continue;
   if (str[0] == 'i') {
      printf(" --- Enter new index: ");
      gets(str);
     index = atoi(str);
   else
      printf("FMS object index = %d\n", index);
```

```
/* Try an initiate call */
printf("Trying to initiate VCR %d\n", gVcr);
r = silInitiate(desc1, gVcr, NULL, OD_VERSION, PROFILE,
             ACCESS_PROTECTION, PASSWORD, ACCESS_GROUPS,
             &success, &initResp);
if(r)
   printf("Initiate call returned error: %d\n", r);
else
   if (success)
      printf("Initiate was successful.\n");
      printf("verOD=0x%x profile=0x%x access=0x%x passwd=0x%x
               qrps=0x%x\n",
         initResp.pos.versionOD, initResp.pos.profileNum,
         initResp.pos.accessProtection, initResp.pos.password,
         initResp.pos.accessGroups);
   }
   else
      printf("Initiate was rejected.\n");
      /* Print some of the response parameters */
printf("err=0x%x maxSendLow=%d maxReceiveLow=%d
          features=0x%x, %x, %x, %x, %x, %x\n",
             initResp.neg.errorInfo, initResp.neg.maxFMSSendLow,
             initResp.neg.maxFMSReceiveLow,
             initResp.neg.features[0],
             initResp.neg.features[1],
             initResp.neg.features[2],
             initResp.neg.features[3],
             initResp.neg.features[4],
             initResp.neg.features[5]);
   }
}
/* Try a read call */
dataLength = sizeof(data);
printf("Trying to read index %d\n", index);
r = silRead(desc1, gVcr, NULL, index, SUBINDEX, data, &dataLength,
             &err);
if (r)
  printf("Read call failed: SIL error %d\n", r);
else
   if (err.fieldsPresent)
```

```
{
     printf("Negative response received. Class=%d code=%d\n",
         err.errorClass, err.errorCode);
   }
   else
      printf("Read call succeeded!\n");
      printf("dataLength = %d (0x%x)\n", dataLength, dataLength);
      printf("Data:\n");
      hexDump(data, dataLength);
   }
}
/* Try a Get OD call */
dataLength = sizeof(data);
printf("Trying a GetOD on index %d\n", index);
r = silGetOD(desc1, gVcr, NULL, 0, index, 0, &numObjs, data,
              &dataLength,
             &moreFollows, &err);
if (r)
   printf("GetOD call failed: SIL error %d\n", r);
else {
   if (err.fieldsPresent) {
     printf("Negative response received. Class=%d code=%d\n",
         err.errorClass, err.errorCode);
   }
   else {
      printf("GetOD call succeeded!\n");
      printf("dataLength = %d (0x%x)\n", dataLength, dataLength);
     printf("Data:\n");
      hexDump (data, dataLength);
   }
}
/* Try a Write call */
dataLength = sizeof(data);
/* Create some data */
memset (data, 0x80, dataLength);
printf("Trying a Write on index %d\n", index);
r = silWrite(desc1, gVcr, NULL, index, SUBINDEX, data, dataLength,
              &err);
```

```
if(r)
         printf("Write call failed: SIL error %d\n", r);
      else
         if (err.fieldsPresent)
            printf("Negative response received. Class=%d code=%d\n",
               err.errorClass, err.errorCode);
         } else
         {
            printf("Write call succeeded!\n");
            printf("Positive response received.\n");
         }
      }
      /* Try an abort call */
      printf("Trying an Abort on VCR %d\n", gVcr);
      r = silAbort(desc1, gVcr, REASON_CODE);
      if (r)
         printf("Abort call failed: %d\n", r);
      else
         printf("Aabort call succeeded.\n");
      /* Increment the object index we're testing with */
      if (++index > maxIndex)
         index = startIndex;
   } /* close while(1) */
   silClose(desc1);
  return 0;
}
void hexDump(char *inData, uint16 len)
   uint16 i;
   unsigned char *data = (unsigned char *)inData;
   for (i=0; i < len; i++) {
      printf("%02x ", data[i]);
      if ((i) && (!(i%10)))
        printf("\n");
   }
   printf("\n");
}
```

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