

Manufacturer: NI

Board Assembly Part Numbers (Refer to Procedure 1 for identification procedure):

Part Number and Revision	Description
147564B-01L or later	GPIB-140B

Volatile Memory

Target Data	Туре	Size	Battery Backup	User ¹ Accessible	System Accessible	Sanitization Procedure
GPIB Data	FPGA	Xilinx XC7S25	No	No	No	Cycle Power

Non-Volatile Memory (incl. Media Storage)

			Battery	User	System	Sanitization
Target Data	Туре	Size	Васкир	Accessible	Accessible	Procedure
None						

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¹ Refer to Terms and Definitions section for clarification of User and System Accessible

Contact: 866-275-6964

support@ni.com



Procedures

Procedure 1 – Board Assembly Part Number identification:

To determine the Board Assembly Part Number and Revision, refer to the "P/N" label applied to the bottom surface of your product as shown below. The Assembly Part Number should be formatted as "P/N: 147564a-01L" where "a" is the letter revision of the Board Assembly (eg. B, C, D...).



Figure 1 – GPIB-140B enclosure (bottom view)

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Terms and Definitions

Cycle Power:

The process of completely removing power from the device and its components and allowing for adequate discharge. This process includes a complete shutdown of the PC and/or chassis containing the device; a reboot is not sufficient for the completion of this process.

Volatile Memory:

Requires power to maintain the stored information. When power is removed from this memory, its contents are lost. This type of memory typically contains application specific data such as capture waveforms.

Non-Volatile Memory:

Power is not required to maintain the stored information. Device retains its contents when power is removed. This type of memory typically contains information necessary to boot, configure, or calibrate the product or may include device power up states.

User Accessible:

The component is read and/or write addressable such that a user can store arbitrary information to the component from the host using a publicly distributed NI tool, such as a Driver API, the System Configuration API, or MAX.

System Accessible:

The component is read and/or write addressable from the host without the need to physically alter the product.

Clearing:

Per NIST Special Publication 800-88 Revision 1, "clearing" is a logical technique to sanitize data in all User Accessible storage locations for protection against simple non-invasive data recovery techniques using the same interface available to the user; typically applied through the standard read and write commands to the storage device.

Sanitization:

Per NIST Special Publication 800-88 Revision 1, "sanitization" is a process to render access to "Target Data" on the media infeasible for a given level of effort. In this document, clearing is the degree of sanitization described.