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GPIB-PCIIA

CPIB

Getting Started with Your GPIB-PCII/IIA and the GPIB Software for Windows 95/98

June 1998 Edition
Part Number 321422C-01

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This equipment generates and uses radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in strict accordance with the instructions in this manual, may cause interference to radio and television reception. Classification requirements are the same for the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) and the Canadian Department of Communications (DOC). This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the following two regulatory agencies:

Federal Communications Commission

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

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- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Notices to User: Changes or modifications not expressly approved by National Instruments could void the user's authority to operate the equipment under the FCC Rules.

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If necessary, consult National Instruments or an experienced radio/television technician for additional suggestions. The following booklet prepared by the FCC may also be helpful: *Interference to Home Electronic Entertainment Equipment Handbook*. This booklet is available from the U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402.

Canadian Department of Communications

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Cet appareil numérique de la classe B respecte toutes les exigences du Règlement sur le matériel brouilleur du Canada.

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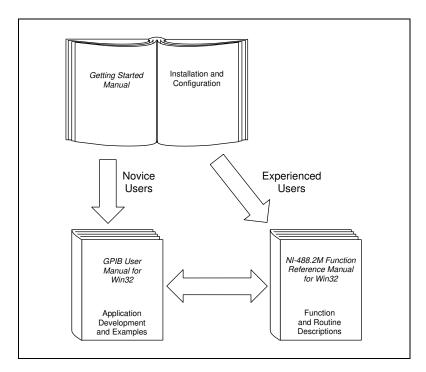
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About This Manual

This manual contains instructions to help you install and configure the National Instruments GPIB-PCII/IIA interface board and the GPIB software.

How to Use the Manual Set



Use this getting started manual to install and configure your GPIB-PCII/IIA and the GPIB software.

Use the *GPIB User Manual for Win32* to learn the basics of GPIB and how to develop an application program. The user manual also contains debugging information and detailed examples.

Use the NI-488.2M Function Reference Manual for Win32 for specific NI-488 function and NI-488.2 routine information, such as format, parameters, and possible errors.

Organization of This Manual

This manual is organized as follows:

- Chapter 1, *Introduction*, explains how to use this manual, lists what you need to get started and optional equipment you can order, and briefly describes the GPIB-PCII/IIA and the GPIB software.
- Chapter 2, *Installation and Configuration*, describes how to install and configure the GPIB-PCII/IIA and the GPIB software.
- Chapter 3, *Verify the Installation*, describes how to verify the hardware and software installation.
- Chapter 4, *Begin to Use the GPIB Software*, helps you get started with the GPIB software.
- Appendix A, *Uninstalling the Hardware and Software*, describes how to uninstall your GPIB-PCII/IIA and the GPIB software.
- Appendix B, *Using the GPIB-PCII/IIA in GPIB-PCIIA Mode*, describes potential problems with using the GPIB-PCII/IIA in GPIB-PCIIA mode and contains instructions for configuring the GPIB-PCII/IIA in GPIB-PCIIA mode.
- Appendix C, Troubleshooting and Common Questions, describes how to troubleshoot problems and answers some common questions.
- Appendix D, *Specifications*, describes the physical characteristics of the GPIB-PCII/IIA, the transfer rate of the GPIB software, and the recommended operating conditions.
- Appendix E, *Customer Communication*, contains forms you can use to request help from National Instruments or to comment on our products and manuals.
- The *Glossary* contains an alphabetical list and a description of terms used in this manual, including abbreviations, acronyms, metric prefixes, mnemonics, and symbols.

Conventions Used in This Manual

The following conventions are used in this manual:

» The » symbol leads you through nested menu items and dialog box

options to a final action. The sequence **File»Page Setup»Options» Substitute Fonts** directs you to pull down the **File** menu, select the **Page Setup** item, select **Options**, and finally select the **Substitute Fonts**

option from the last dialog box.

This icon to the left of bold italicized text denotes a note, which alerts

you to important information.

This icon to the left of bold italicized text denotes a caution, which

advises you of precautions to take to avoid injury, data loss, or a

system crash.

bold Bold text denotes the names of menus, menu items, parameters, dialog

boxes, dialog box buttons or options, icons, windows, Windows tabs, or

LEDs.

bold monospace Bold text in this font denotes the messages and responses that the

computer automatically prints to the screen. This font also emphasizes

lines of code that are different from the other examples

bold italic Bold italic text denotes a note, caution, or warning.

IEEE 488 and IEEE 488.2 refer to the ANSI/IEEE Standard 488.1-1987

and the ANSI/IEEE Standard 488.2-1992, respectively, which define

the GPIB.

italic Italic text denotes emphasis, a cross reference, or an introduction to a

key concept. This font also denotes text from which you supply the

appropriate word or value, as in Windows 3.x.

italic monospace Italic text in this font denotes that you must supply the appropriate

words or values in the place of these items.

monospace Text in this font denotes text or characters that should literally enter

from the keyboard, sections of code, programming examples, and syntax examples. This font is also used for the proper names of disk drives, paths, directories, programs, subprograms, subroutines, device names, functions, operations, variables, filenames and extensions, and

for statements and comments taken from programs.

IEEE 488.2

Related Documentation

The following documents contain information that you may find helpful as you read this manual:

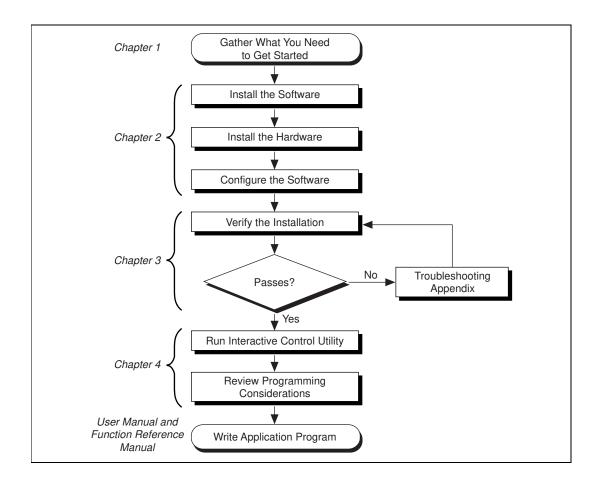
- ANSI/IEEE Standard 488.1-1987, IEEE Standard Digital Interface for Programmable Instrumentation
- ANSI/IEEE Standard 488.2-1992, IEEE Standard Codes, Formats, Protocols, and Common Commands
- Microsoft Windows 95/98 Online Help, Microsoft Corporation

Customer Communication

National Instruments wants to receive your comments on our products and manuals. We are interested in the applications you develop with our products, and we want to help if you have problems with them. To make it easy for you to contact us, this manual contains comment and configuration forms for you to complete. These forms are in Appendix E, *Customer Communication*, at the end of this manual.

This chapter explains how to use this manual, lists what you need to get started and optional equipment you can order, and briefly describes the GPIB-PCII/IIA and the GPIB software.

How to Use This Manual



What You Need to Get Started

ke sure you have all of the items listed before you attempt to install the dware and software.
Windows 95 or later installed on your computer
GPIB-PCII/IIA interface board
The following 3.5 in., high-density (1.44 MB) disks, which come in your kit:
 GPIB Software for Windows 95/98 (Disk 1 of 2) GPIB Software for Windows 95/98 (Disk 2 of 2)
GPIB cables—single shielded or double-shielded, Type X1, X2, or X5, which you can order from National Instruments

Optional Equipment

Call National Instruments for more information about the following optional equipment:

- Serial or parallel bus extender and cables
- Bus expander/isolator
- GPIB mechanical switch

GPIB-PCII/IIA Hardware Overview

The GPIB-PCII/IIA interface board combines the functionality of the National Instruments GPIB-PCII and GPIB-PCIIA interface boards. It can be configured to function in either GPIB-PCII mode or GPIB-PCIIA mode, depending on the setting of the configuration switches.

The GPIB-PCII/IIA board, equipped with the NAT4882 ASIC, transforms any IBM PC, PC/XT, PC AT, or compatible computer into a full-functioning IEEE 488.2 Talker/Listener/Controller. The NAT4882 controller chip is fully compatible with the IEEE 488.2 standard.

You can use standard GPIB cables to connect the GPIB-PCII/IIA with up to 14 instruments. If you want to use more instruments, you can order a bus extender or expander from National Instruments. Refer to Appendix D, *Specifications*, for more information about the GPIB-PCII/IIA hardware specifications and recommended operating conditions.

GPIB Software Overview

The GPIB software includes a native, 32-bit multitasking driver that is fully Plug and Play aware. Because the GPIB-PCII/IIA is not a Plug and Play board, Windows is unable to detect its addition to or removal from your system dynamically. You must manually inform Windows about the insertion or removal of the GPIB-PCII/IIA from your system. This manual fully describes the insertion and removal procedures for the GPIB-PCII/IIA hardware.

The GPIB software for Windows supports the concurrent use of multiple types of GPIB hardware. For example, you can communicate with GPIB devices through both a GPIB-PCII/IIA and an AT-GPIB/TNT in the same system at the same time. The GPIB software is fully integrated into the Windows operating system. It is configurable through the System applet and uninstallable through the Add/Remove Programs applet of the Control Panel.

The GPIB software, along with the GPIB-PCII/IIA, transforms a general-purpose PC into a GPIB Talker/Listener/Controller with complete communications and bus management capability. The GPIB software includes the following components:

- Device driver
- Diagnostic test utility
- Configuration utility
- Interactive control program
- Utilities for software development
- Language interface libraries for Microsoft Visual C/C++ 2.0 or later, Borland C/C++ 4.0 or later, and Microsoft Visual Basic 4.0 or later
- Example programs that use NI-488 functions and NI-488.2 routines

Refer to Appendix D, *Specifications*, for information about the GPIB software transfer rates.

Time-Saving Development Tools

Your kit includes the GPIB software. In addition, you can order the LabWindows/CVI or LabVIEW software from National Instruments to speed your application development time and make it easier to communicate with your instruments.

LabVIEW is an easy-to-use, graphical programming environment you can use to acquire data from thousands of different instruments, including IEEE 488.2 devices, VXI devices, serial devices, PLCs, and plug-in data acquisition boards. After you have acquired raw data, you can convert it into meaningful results using the powerful data analysis routines in LabVIEW. LabVIEW also comes with hundreds of instrument drivers, which dramatically reduce software development time, because you do not have to spend time programming the low-level control of each instrument.

LabWindows/CVI is similar to LabVIEW, except that it combines an interactive, easy-to-use development approach with the programming power and flexibility of compiled ANSI C code.

The GPIB Analyzer is another optional tool available from National Instruments that is useful in troubleshooting a variety of IEEE 488 hardware and software problems. With its built-in time-stamping capability, you can easily determine the throughput and overhead of your GPIB system. The GPIB Analyzer software comes with the AT-GPIB/TNT+ and PCMCIA-GPIB+ products, which provide GPIB Analyzer support along with the functionality of a high-performance GPIB Controller.

For ordering information, or to request free demonstration software, contact National Instruments.

Installation and Configuration

This chapter describes how to install and configure the GPIB-PCII/IIA and the GPIB software.

Install the GPIB Software

Before installing the hardware, complete the following steps to install the GPIB software.

- 1. Select Start»Settings»Control Panel.
- 2. Double-click on the **Add/Remove Programs** icon in the Control Panel to launch the Add/Remove Programs applet. A dialog box similar to the one in Figure 2-1 appears.

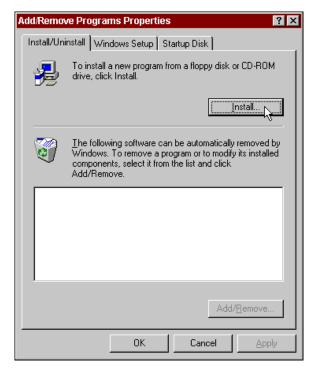


Figure 2-1. Add/Remove Programs Properties Dialog Box

You can use this same applet later to uninstall the GPIB software. Refer to Appendix A, *Uninstalling the Hardware and Software*, for more information.

- 3. Click on the **Install** button.
- 4. Insert the *GPIB Software for Windows 95/98 (Disk 1 of 2)*, and click on the **Next** button to proceed.
- 5. The software installation wizard begins with the screen shown in Figure 2-2. Click the **Next** button to proceed with the installation.

Figure 2-2. GPIB Software Setup Screen

The setup wizard guides you through the necessary steps to install the GPIB software. You may go back and change values where appropriate by clicking on the **Back** button. You can exit the setup if necessary by clicking on the **Cancel** button.

6. When the setup is complete, restart Windows.

Proceed to the next section, *Install the Hardware*.

Install the Hardware

This section describes how to install your GPIB-PCII/IIA board under Windows.

Remove System-Reserved Resources

If you have previously installed the GPIB Compatibility Release for Windows 95/98, you should remove any system-reserved resources for your GPIB-PCII/IIA. Refer to the *Removing System-Reserved Resources* section in Appendix C, *Troubleshooting and Common Questions*.

System-reserved resources are only acquired manually. If you did not use the Device Manager to acquire system-reserved resources, you do not need to use the Device Manager to remove such resources.

Identify Resources for the GPIB-PCII/IIA

Before installing the GPIB-PCII/IIA, use the **Add New Hardware Wizard** to inform Windows about the new hardware you are about to install in your system.

- 1. Select Start»Settings»Control Panel.
- Launch the Add New Hardware Wizard by double-clicking on the Add New Hardware icon.
- 3. Click on the **Next** button in the first **Add New Hardware Wizard** dialog box.
- 4. Because the GPIB-PCII/IIA is not a Plug and Play interface, Windows is unable to detect its presence automatically.

Windows 95:

When the next Add New Hardware Wizard dialog box offers to detect new hardware, check No instead of Yes (Recommended), then click on the Next button to continue.

Windows 98:

- a. Click on the **Next** button in the next **Add New Hardware Wizard** dialog box.
- b. In the next dialog box, check **No, the device isn't in the list**, then click on the **Next** button to continue.
- c. In the next dialog box, check No, I want to select the hardware from a list, then click on the Next button to continue.
- 5. The next Add New Hardware Wizard dialog box lets you select the type of hardware you want to install. Select the Other Devices item, as shown in Figure 2-3. You may select the National Instruments GPIB Interfaces item instead, if it appears in the dialog box. Click on the Next button to continue.

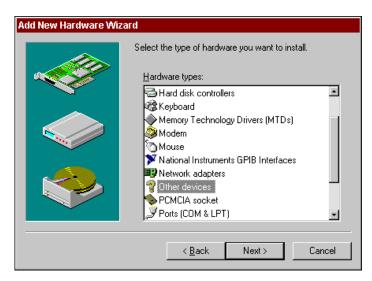


Figure 2-3. Add New Hardware Wizard Hardware Selection

- The next Add New Hardware Wizard dialog box lets you select the manufacturer and model of your hardware. Select National Instruments as the manufacturer.
- 7. Decide whether you will use the GPIB-PCII/IIA in GPIB-PCII mode or GPIB-PCIIA mode. Both modes have the same capabilities, but the two modes use different regions of I/O space.

Note: National Instruments recommends that you use GPIB-PCII mode.

For an explanation of why GPIB-PCIIA mode is not recommended, read the *Problems Using the GPIB-PCII/IIA in GPIB-PCIIA Mode* section in Appendix B, *Using the GPIB-PCII/IIA in GPIB-PCIIA Mode*.

8. Select the model of your hardware, either GPIB-PCII or GPIB-PCIIA, and click on the Next button to continue. Windows attempts to assign nonconflicting resources to the GPIB-PCII/IIA. If Windows is able to assign resources successfully, the next Add New Hardware Wizard dialog box describes the resources

assigned to the GPIB-PCII/IIA, as shown in the example dialog box in Figure 2-4. Skip to Step 9 to proceed.

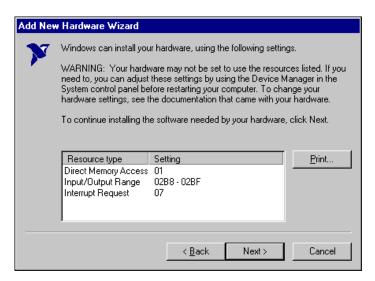


Figure 2-4. GPIB-PCII/IIA Resources Assigned Successfully

If Windows is unable to assign resources successfully, the next **Add New Hardware Wizard** dialog box explains the problem, as shown in Figure 2-5.



Figure 2-5. GPIB-PCII/IIA Resources Not Assigned Successfully

If this dialog box appears, click on the **Next** button to continue, then click on **Start Conflict Troubleshooter** to let Windows help you determine how to resolve the conflicts that are preventing it from assigning resources. Follow the steps recommended by the Conflict Troubleshooter help.

When you reach the step of looking for nonconflicting resources for the GPIB-PCII/IIA, you need to change the **Setting based on** selection on the **Resources** tab of the **GPIB-PCII/IIA Properties** dialog box. Figure 2-6 shows the **Resources** tab for a GPIB-PCII/IIA in GPIB-PCII mode.

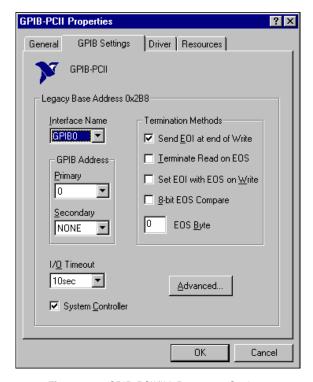


Figure 2-6. GPIB-PCII/IIA Resources Settings

- Continue following the instructions provided by the Conflict Troubleshooter to resolve the conflicts.
- Write down the conflict-free resources that Windows assigned to the GPIB-PCII/IIA.
- 10. Shut down Windows.

Configure the GPIB-PCII/IIA in GPIB-PCII Mode



Note:

If you are using the GPIB-PCII/IIA in GPIB-PCIIA mode, refer to the Configure the GPIB-PCII/IIA in GPIB-PCIIA Mode section in Appendix B, Using the GPIB-PCII/IIA in GPIB-PCIIA Mode, for instructions on how to configure the hardware.



Caution:

Electrostatic discharge can damage several components on the GPIB-PCII/IIA. To avoid such damage in handling the board, touch the antistatic plastic package to a metal part of your computer chassis before removing the board from the package.

Verify GPIB-PCII Mode

Make sure that your GPIB-PCII/IIA is configured for GPIB-PCII mode. Examine switch 9 in switch block U2. Refer to Figure 2-7 to find switch block U2.

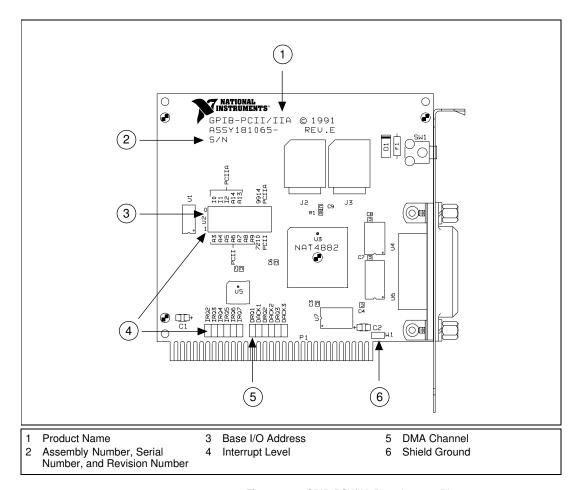


Figure 2-7. GPIB-PCII/IIA Parts Locator Diagram

Verify that switch 9 is pressed down on the side labeled PCII, as shown in Figure 2-8.

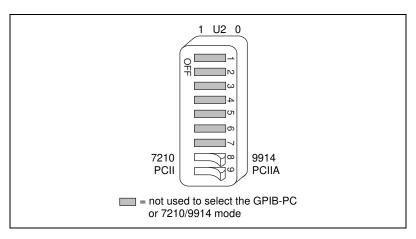


Figure 2-8. GPIB-PCII Mode Selection Setting

Verify 7210 Mode

The GPIB-PCII/IIA can emulate IEEE 488 interface boards that use the 7210 GPIB Controller chip or the 9914 chip. Examine switch 8 in switch block U2. Verify that switch 8 is pressed down on the side labeled 7210, as shown in Figure 2-8.



The National Instruments GPIB software requires the board to be in 7210 mode.

Configure the Hardware Resources

Configure the GPIB-PCII/IIA jumpers and switches to match the resources assigned to it by Windows. If the resources assigned to it match the default settings, you are ready to install the GPIB-PCII/IIA. The default settings for GPIB-PCII mode are:

• Input/Output Range: 2B8-2BF

Direct Memory Access: 1

• Interrupt Request: 7

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If the resources match the default settings, proceed to the *Install the GPIB-PCII/IIA* section, later in this chapter.

If the resources do not match the default settings, you must reconfigure the jumpers and switches, as described in the next few sections, to match the resources assigned to the GPIB-PCII/IIA by Windows.

Configure the Input/Output Range (GPIB-PCII Mode)

An Input/Output Range is a segment of address space reserved for the input and output of a board. The base I/O address of an Input/Output Range is the first position in the Input/Output Range used by the plug-in interface board. By default, the GPIB-PCII/IIA is configured to use base I/O address 2B8 hex. With this setting, the board uses an Input/Output Range of 2B8 hex to 2BF hex.

Follow these steps to reconfigure the base I/O address of the GPIB-PCII/IIA.

- 1. Locate the base I/O address switch at U2 on your GPIB-PCII/IIA board. Refer to Figure 2-7.
- 2. Change the switch settings to configure the GPIB-PCII/IIA board to match the base I/O address of the Input/Output Range assigned by Windows.

Press down on the side marked 1 to select a binary value of 1 for the corresponding address bit. Press down on the 0 side of the switch to select a binary value of 0. Refer to Figure 2-9 for two examples of the switch settings and corresponding base I/O addresses.

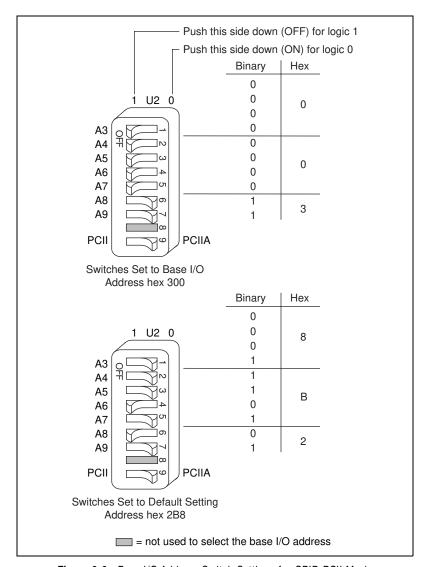


Figure 2-9. Base I/O Address Switch Settings for GPIB-PCII Mode

Configure the Interrupt Request (GPIB-PCII Mode)

PC-compatible computers have a series of interrupt lines available to devices. Devices use interrupts to get service from the CPU for asynchronous events. Your GPIB hardware and software use interrupts to get service from the CPU when necessary. By default, the GPIB-PCII/IIA is configured to use interrupt request line 7.

Note: If no interrupt lines are available for your GPIB hardware, the jumper must be moved to the disabled position, shown in Figure 2-11.

Follow these steps to reconfigure the interrupt request line:

- 1. Find the jumpers that set the interrupt request line. The jumpers are located on the lower edge of your GPIB-PCII/IIA. Refer to Figure 2-7.
- 2. Change the jumper settings to configure the GPIB-PCII/IIA to match the interrupt assigned by Windows. Figure 2-10 shows the setting for IRQ7.

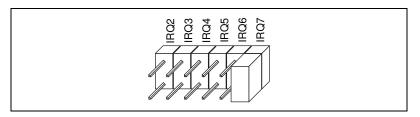


Figure 2-10. GPIB-PCII/IIA Interrupt Jumper Setting for IRQ7 (Default Setting)

Figure 2-11 shows the setting for disabled interrupts.

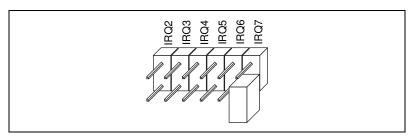


Figure 2-11. GPIB-PCII/IIA Interrupt Jumper Setting for No Interrupts

Configure the Direct Memory Access

Direct memory access (DMA) refers to data transfers directly to or directly from devices such as the GPIB-PCII/IIA and computer memory. Your GPIB hardware and the GPIB software are designed to perform DMA. In most cases, data transfers using DMA are significantly faster than programmed I/O transfers. However, if Windows is unable to assign a DMA resource to the GPIB-PCII/IIA, you can configure DMA to none and still use the GPIB software. By default, the GPIB-PCII/IIA is configured to use DMA channel 1.

Follow these steps to reconfigure the DMA channel:

- 1. Locate the jumpers that select the DMA channel. Refer to Figure 2-7.
- 2. Change the jumper settings to configure the GPIB-PCII/IIA to match the DMA channel assigned by Windows. You must set both the DMA Acknowledge and DMA Request lines, as shown in Table 2-1.

DMA	Signal Lines	
DMA Channel	DMA Acknowledge	DMA Request
1	DACK1	DRQ1
2	DACK2	DRQ2
3	DACK3	DRQ3
none	_	_

Table 2-1. GPIB-PCII/IIA DMA Channel Settings

Figure 2-12 shows the jumper position for selecting DMA channel 1.

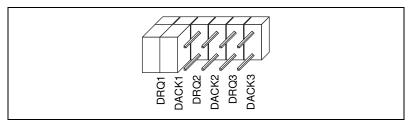


Figure 2-12. GPIB-PCII/IIA DMA Jumper Setting for DMA Channel 1

Figure 2-13 shows the jumper position for selecting no DMA channel.

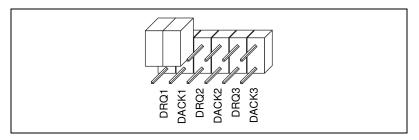


Figure 2-13. GPIB-PCII/IIA DMA Jumper Setting for No DMA Channel

Setting the Shield Ground Configuration

The GPIB-PCII/IIA is set at the factory with the jumper in place to connect the logic ground of the GPIB-PCII/IIA to its shield ground. This configuration minimizes EMI emissions.



Caution:

The GPIB-PCII/IIA was tested for compliance with FCC and CE standards with the shield ground connected to logic ground. Removing the jumper might cause EMI emissions to exceed the applicable standards.

If your application requires that logic ground be disconnected from shield ground, follow these steps:

- 1. Refer to Figure 2-7 to locate the shield ground jumper W1 on the GPIB-PCII/IIA.
- 2. Remove the jumper and place it across only one of the jumper pins, as shown in Figure 2-14.

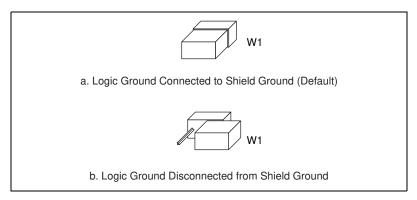


Figure 2-14. GPIB-PCII/IIA Ground Configuration Jumper Settings

Now that you have properly configured the hardware, continue on to the *Install the GPIB-PCII/IIA* section for installation instructions.

Install the GPIB-PCII/IIA

Perform the following steps to install the GPIB-PCII/IIA:

- 1. Shut down Windows 95 and turn off your computer. Keep the computer plugged in so that it remains grounded while you install the GPIB hardware.
- 2. Remove the top cover (or other access panels) to give yourself access to the computer expansion slots.
- 3. Find an unused expansion slot in your computer.
- 4. Remove the corresponding slot cover on the back panel of the computer.
- 5. Insert the GPIB-PCII/IIA into the slot with the GPIB connector sticking out of the opening on the back panel, as shown in Figure 2-15. It might be a tight fit, but do not force the board into place.

Figure 2-15. Installing the GPIB-PCII/IIA

- 6. Screw the mounting bracket of the GPIB-PCII/IIA to the back panel rail of the computer.
- 7. Replace the top cover (or the access port to the expansion slot).
- 8. Turn on your computer and start Windows.

The GPIB-PCII/IIA hardware installation is now complete. Proceed to the next section, *Configure the GPIB Software*.

Configure the GPIB Software

The GPIB Configuration utility is fully integrated with the Windows Device Manager. You can use it to examine or modify the configuration of the GPIB software. The context-sensitive online help, available by right-clicking on any of the controls on the configuration utility tabs,

includes all of the information that you need to configure the GPIB software properly.

To begin to configure the GPIB software, double-click on the **System** icon under **Start»Settings»Control Panel**. In the **System Properties** dialog box that appears, select the **Device Manager** tab, click on the **View devices by type** button at the top of the tab, and scroll down to the **National Instruments GPIB Interfaces** icon.

Resolve Conflicts

If you have other non Plug and Play hardware in your system, Windows might assign incorrect resources to your GPIB-PCII/IIA. If this happens, Windows shows that the GPIB-PCII/IIA is not working, and you must reconfigure the GPIB-PCII/IIA module and the GPIB software.

On the **Device Manager** page, look at the items listed under the **National Instruments GPIB Interfaces** icon. If there is no **National Instruments GPIB Interfaces** icon or if a circled X or exclamation point (!) appears through the eagle icon, the GPIB-PCII/IIA is not working properly. Figure 2-16 shows an example of a GPIB-PCII/IIA that is working properly, and Figure 2-17 shows an example of a GPIB-PCII/IIA that is not working properly.



Figure 2-16. GPIB-PCII/IIA That Is Working Properly



Figure 2-17. GPIB-PCII/IIA That Is Not Working Properly

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You can see if the problem is a resource conflict by looking at what resources are conflicting, if the GPIB-PCII/IIA appears under the National Instruments GPIB Interfaces icon. Double-click on the GPIB-PCII/IIA name and click on the **Resources** tab, which provides information about the hardware resources assigned to the GPIB-PCII/IIA. The Conflicting Device List lists any conflicts. If conflicts exist, use the **Setting based on** drop-down list and the Change Setting button to select conflict-free resources for the GPIB-PCII/IIA.

If you cannot find conflict-free resources for the GPIB-PCII/IIA, or if no conflicts are listed, refer to the *Troubleshooting Device Manager* Problems section of Appendix C, Troubleshooting and Common Questions, to resolve the problem.

Assign an Interface Name

If you are using more than one interface, you must configure the GPIB software to associate a logical name (GPIB0, GPIB1, and so on) with each physical GPIB interface. Follow these steps:

- 1. Double-click on the first interface listed immediately below National Instruments GPIR Interfaces
- 2. Click on the **GPIB Settings** tab, which provides information about the software configuration for the GPIB-PCII/IIA.
- 3. Use the **Interface Name** drop-down box to select a logical name (GPIB0, GPIB1, and so on) for the GPIB-PCII/IIA.
- 4. Repeat this process for each interface you need to configure.

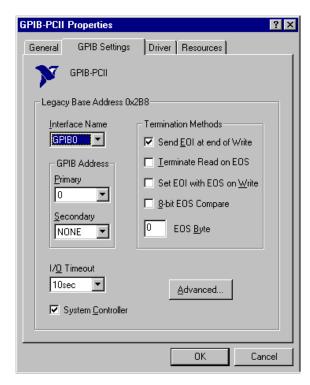


Figure 2-18 shows the **GPIB Settings** page for a GPIB-PCII/IIA.

Figure 2-18. GPIB Settings Page for the GPIB-PCII/IIA

View or Modify Logical Device Templates (Optional)

If you want to examine or modify the logical device templates for the GPIB software, select the **National Instruments GPIB Interfaces** icon from the **Device Manager** page, and click on the **Properties** button. Select the **Device Templates** tab to view the logical device templates, as shown in Figure 2-19.

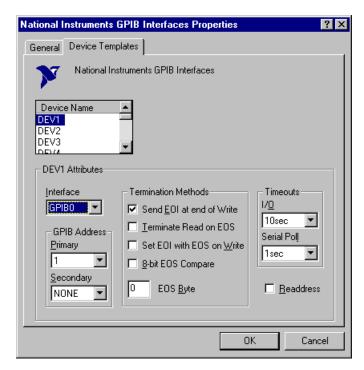


Figure 2-19. Device Templates Page for the Logical Device Templates

Verify the Installation

This chapter describes how to verify the hardware and software installation.

You can use the Diagnostic utility, installed with your GPIB software, to test the hardware and software installation. The utility verifies that your hardware and software are functioning properly and that the configuration of your GPIB interfaces does not conflict with anything else in your system.

To run the utility, select the **Diagnostic** item under **Start»Programs» National Instruments GPIB**.

When you have started the Diagnostic utility, test your GPIB interfaces by clicking on the **Test All** button. If the Diagnostic is successful, it puts a checkmark next to the interface and changes its status from **untested** to **passed**. If the Diagnostic fails, it puts an X next to the interface, and changes its status from **untested** to **failed**. Figure 3-1 shows the Diagnostic utility after it has tested some GPIB interfaces.

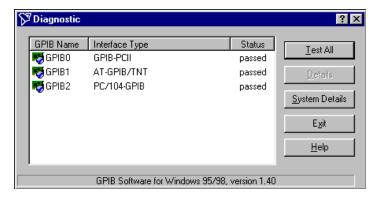


Figure 3-1. Diagnostic Utility after Testing

You can get details on any tested GPIB interface by selecting the interface and clicking on the **Details** button. For each failed GPIB interface, select it and click on the **Details** button to get a description of the failure. Use that information and the information in Appendix C, *Troubleshooting and Common Questions*, to troubleshoot the problem. Troubleshooting information is also available in the online help for the Diagnostic utility, which you can access by clicking on the **Help** button.

Begin to Use the GPIB Software



This chapter helps you get started with the GPIB software.

Introduction to the Win32 Interactive Control Utility

You can use the interactive control utility to enter NI-488 functions and NI-488.2 routines interactively and see the values returned by the function calls. You can use the utility to do the following:

- Verify GPIB communication with your device.
- Learn the NI-488 functions and NI-488.2 routines before you write your application.
- Become familiar with the commands of your device.
- Receive data from your GPIB device.
- Troubleshoot problems with your application.

To run this utility, select the **Win32 Interactive Control** item under **Start»Programs»National Instruments GPIB**. This utility includes extensive online help, available by entering help at the: prompt.

For more information about the Win32 Interactive Control utility, refer to the *GPIB User Manual for Win32*.

Introduction to the NI Spy Utility

Included with the GPIB software is NI Spy, a Win32 utility that can be used to monitor NI-488.2 calls made by Win32, Win16, and DOS GPIB applications. You can use NI Spy to do the following:

- Capture information about NI-488 functions and NI-488.2 routines as they are invoked by your GPIB applications.
- Display captured information, including, but not limited to, input and output parameter values, I/O buffer contents, and return values.
- Save, restore, and print captured information.

To run NI Spy, select the **NI Spy** item under **Start»Programs»National Instruments GPIB**. For more information about the NI Spy utility, refer to Chapter 5, *NI Spy Utility*, in the *GPIB User Manual for Win32*, or use its built-in, context-sensitive online help.

Running Existing DOS GPIB Applications

With the GPIB software properly configured, you can run your existing DOS GPIB applications along with your Win16 and Win32 applications. No DOS device driver is required. In fact, make sure that no older version of the GPIB DOS device driver is being loaded from your config.sys file, a file located on the boot drive of your computer.

Note

To determine if config.sys is loading an older GPIB DOS driver, look for the line device=path\gpib.com in your config.sys file, where path refers to the drive and directory where gpib.com is located. If that line appears, either comment it out by typing REM at the beginning of the line, or delete it. If you change the config.sys file, save it and restart your system.

To configure the GPIB software to run existing DOS GPIB applications, first make sure that you have installed the GPIB software and your GPIB hardware. Then complete the following steps:

- Double-click on the System icon under Start»Settings» Control Panel.
- 2. In the **System Properties** dialog box that appears, select the **Device Manager** tab.
- 3. Click on the **View devices by type** button at the top of the page.
- 4. Click on the National Instruments GPIB Interfaces icon.
- Click on the **Properties** button to display the **General** property page for the GPIB software.
- 6. Select the checkbox labeled **Enable Support for DOS GPIB Applications**, and click on the **OK** button.
- 7. Restart your computer.

After you restart your computer, you can begin to run your existing DOS GPIB applications.

General Programming Considerations

As you begin developing your Win32 GPIB application, remember the following points:

- For your C/C++ application, you must include the GPIB header file, decl-32.h, in your source code.
- The GPIB software is accessed through the 32-bit DLL, gpib-32.dll, either by linking with one of the language interfaces provided with the GPIB software, or by using direct DLL entry from other programming environments.
- Several sample GPIB applications are included with the GPIB software. Use these as a guide for your own application development.

For information about choosing a programming method, developing your application, or compiling and linking, refer to the *GPIB User Manual for Win32*. For detailed information about each NI-488 function and NI-488.2 routine, refer to the *NI-488.2M Function Reference Manual for Win32* or the online help file, which you can access by selecting

Start»Programs»National Instruments GPIB»GPIB32 Help.

4-3

Uninstalling the Hardware and Software



This appendix describes how to uninstall your GPIB-PCII/IIA and the GPIB software.

Uninstalling the Hardware

Before you physically remove the GPIB-PCII/IIA hardware from your system, you must remove the hardware information from the Windows Device Manager. Complete the following steps to remove the hardware information:

- Select Start»Settings»Control Panel and double-click on the System icon.
- In the System Properties dialog box, select the Device Manager tab, click on the View devices by type button, and double-click on the National Instruments GPIB Interfaces icon.
- 3. Select the interface you want to remove from the **National Instruments GPIB Interfaces** list, as shown in Figure A-1. Click on the **Remove** button to remove the hardware information.
- 4. Click on the **OK** button, shut down Windows, turn off your system, and physically remove the interface from your system.

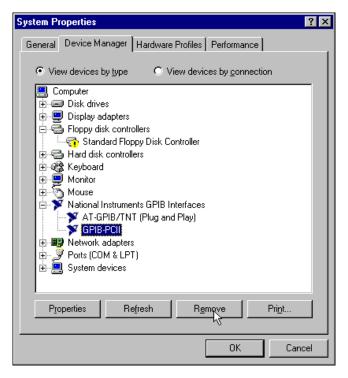


Figure A-1. Selecting an Interface to Remove

Uninstalling the Software

Before you uninstall the GPIB software, you should remove all GPIB hardware information from the Windows Device Manager, as described in the previous section. Complete the following steps to uninstall the GPIB software:

 Select Start»Settings»Control Panel and double-click on the Add/Remove Programs icon. The dialog box shown in Figure A-2 lists the software available for removal.



Figure A-2. Add/Remove Programs Properties Dialog Box

2. Select the GPIB software you want to remove and click on the **Add/Remove** button. The uninstall program removes all folders, programs, VxDs, DLLs, and registry entries associated with the GPIB software.

If you have not physically removed your hardware, shut down Windows, turn off your system, and remove the GPIB-PCII/IIA hardware.

The uninstall program removes only items that the GPIB setup program installed. If you add anything to a directory that was created by the GPIB setup program, the uninstall program does not delete that directory, because the directory is not empty after the uninstallation. You will need to remove any remaining components yourself.

If you want to reinstall the GPIB hardware and software, refer to Chapter 2, *Installation and Configuration*.

Using the GPIB-PCII/IIA in GPIB-PCIIA Mode



This appendix describes potential problems with using the GPIB-PCII/IIA in GPIB-PCIIA mode and contains instructions for configuring the GPIB-PCII/IIA in GPIB-PCIIA mode.

Problems Using the GPIB-PCII/IIA in GPIB-PCIIA Mode

The GPIB software allows you to install your GPIB-PCII/IIA board for use in GPIB-PCIIA mode. The next section, *Configure the GPIB-PCII/IIA in GPIB-PCIIA Mode*, describes the specific configuration settings for GPIB-PCIIA mode. However, you should be aware of a potential problem when using your board in GPIB-PCIIA mode under Windows.

The problem is with the Windows Device Manager. The Device Manager does not reliably report base address conflicts involving the GPIB-PCII/IIA in GPIB-PCIIA mode. Additionally, the Device Manager fails to display all of the I/O addresses used by the GPIB-PCII/IIA in GPIB-PCIIA mode. Therefore, a base address conflict may go unchecked when using your board in GPIB-PCIIA mode. Base address conflicts can cause your computer to hang or otherwise behave unreliably.

Therefore, it is safest to use the board only in GPIB-PCII mode, not in GPIB-PCIIA mode. The *Install the Hardware* section of Chapter 2, *Installation and Configuration*, explains how to install and configure your GPIB-PCII/IIA for use in GPIB-PCII mode.

Configure the GPIB-PCII/IIA in GPIB-PCIIA Mode

This section describes how to configure your GPIB-PCII/IIA board for use in GPIB-PCIIA mode under Windows.



Caution

Electrostatic discharge can damage several components on the GPIB-PCII/IIA. To avoid such damage in handling the board, touch the antistatic plastic package to a metal part of your computer chassis before removing the board from the package.

Verify GPIB-PCIIA Mode

Make sure that your GPIB-PCII/IIA is configured for use in GPIB-PCIIA mode. Examine switch 9 in switch block U2. Verify that switch 9 is pressed down on the side labeled PCIIA, as shown in Figure B-1.

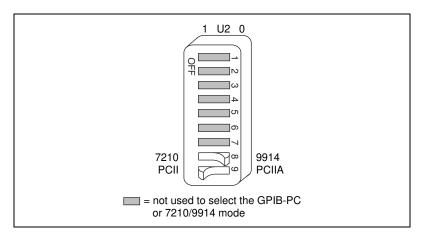


Figure B-1. GPIB-PCIIA Mode Selection Setting

Verify 7210 Mode

The GPIB-PCII/IIA can emulate IEEE 488 interface boards that use the 7210 GPIB Controller chip or the 9914 chip. Examine switch 8 in switch block U2. Verify that switch 8 is pressed down on the side labeled 7210, as shown in Figure B-1.

Note 📑

The National Instruments GPIB software requires the board to be in 7210 mode.

Configure the Hardware Resources

Configure the GPIB-PCII/IIA jumpers and switches to match the resources assigned to it by Windows. If the resources assigned to it match the default settings, you are ready to install the GPIB-PCII/IIA.

The default settings for GPIB-PCIIA mode are:

Input/Output Range: 2E1

• Interrupt Request: 7

Direct Memory Access: 1

If the resources match the default settings, proceed to the *Install the GPIB-PCII/IIA* section in Chapter 2, *Installation and Configuration*.

If the resources do not match the default settings, you must reconfigure the jumpers and switches, as described in the next few sections, to match the resources assigned to the GPIB-PCII/IIA by Windows. Figure 2-7 in Chapter 2, *Installation and Configuration*, shows the location of the configuration jumpers and switches on the GPIB-PCII/IIA.

Configure Input/Output Range (GPIB-PCIIA Mode)

An Input/Output Range is a segment of address space reserved for the input and output of a board. The base I/O address of an Input/Output Range is the first position in the Input/Output Range used by the plug-in interface board. By default, the GPIB-PCII/IIA is configured to use base I/O address 2E1 hex when in GPIB-PCIIA mode.

The GPIB-PCIIA base I/O address is set using switches 4 and 5 of the switch block at U2. The four possible base I/O addresses are 2E1, 22E1, 42E1, and 62E1 hex. If you are installing more than one GPIB board, each board must use a unique base I/O address.

Follow these steps to reconfigure the base I/O address of the GPIB-PCII/IIA.

- Locate the base I/O address switch at U2 on your GPIB-PCII/IIA board. Refer to Figure 2-7 in Chapter 2, *Installation and Configuration*, to locate switch set U2.
- Change the switch settings to configure the GPIB-PCII/IIA board to match the base I/O address of the Input/Output Range assigned by Windows.

Figure B-2 shows the switch settings for the four possible base I/O addresses and the address space used for each setting.

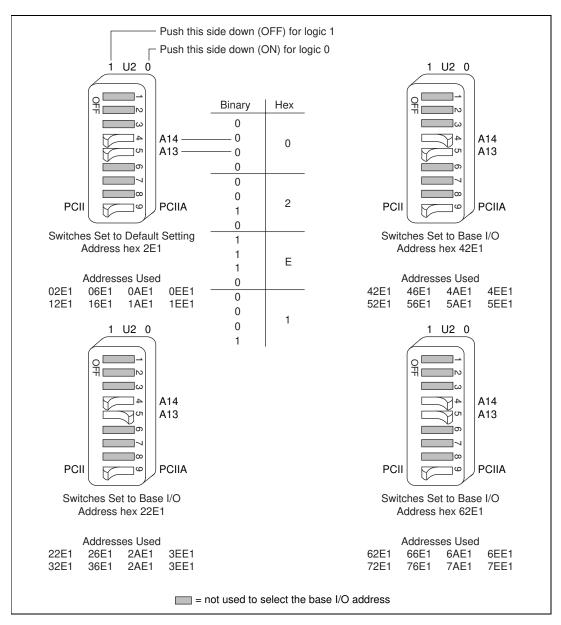


Figure B-2. Base I/O Address Switch Settings for GPIB-PCIIA Mode

Configure the Interrupt Request (GPIB-PCIIA Mode)

PC-compatible computers have a series of interrupt lines available to devices. Devices use interrupts to get service from the CPU for asynchronous events. Your GPIB hardware and software use interrupts to get service from the CPU when necessary. By default, the GPIB-PCII/IIA is configured to use interrupt request line 7.

Note

If no interrupt lines are available for your GPIB hardware, the jumper and switches must be moved to the disabled position, shown in Figure B-4f.

To change the interrupt line in GPIB-PCIIA mode, you must set switches I0, I1, and I2 in switch set U2 to the new interrupt level setting in addition to setting the interrupt jumpers.

Follow these steps to reconfigure the interrupt request line:

- Find switch set U2 and the jumpers that set the interrupt request line.
 The jumpers are located on the lower edge of your GPIB-PCII/IIA.
 Refer to Figure 2-7 in Chapter 2, *Installation and Configuration*, to locate switch set U2.
- 2. Change the jumper settings to configure the GPIB-PCII/IIA to the new interrupt request line. Figure B-3 shows the switch and jumper settings for the default interrupt setting, IRQ7, and shows how the interrupt setting was calculated from the switch positions.

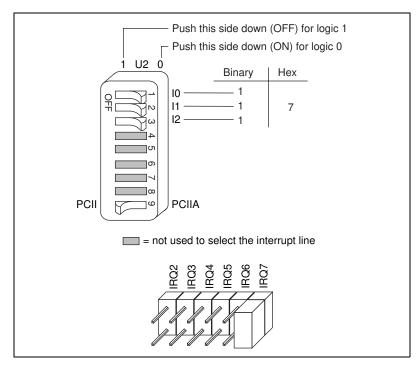


Figure B-3. Default Interrupt Jumper Setting for GPIB-PCIIA Mode

Figure B-4 shows the switch and jumper settings for the five interrupt lines other than the default, IRQ7, and for no interrupts.

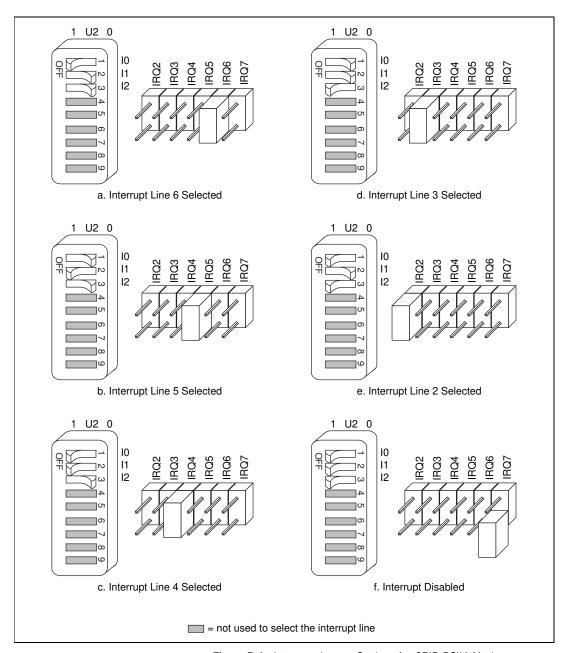


Figure B-4. Interrupt Jumper Settings for GPIB-PCIIA Mode

The remaining steps in the installation and configuration process are the same for GPIB-PCII mode and GPIB-PCIIA mode. To complete the process, go to the *Configure the Direct Memory Access* section in Chapter 2, *Installation and Configuration*, and follow the instructions from there.

Troubleshooting and Common Questions



This appendix describes how to troubleshoot problems and answers some common questions.

Troubleshooting EDVR Error Conditions

In some cases, calls to NI-488 functions or NI-488.2 routines may return with the ERR bit set in ibsta and the value EDVR in iberr. The value stored in ibent1 is useful in troubleshooting the error condition.

EDVR Error Condition with ibentl Set to 0xE028002C (-534249428)

If a call is made with a board number that is within the range of allowed board numbers (typically 0 to 3), but which has not been assigned to a GPIB interface, an EDVR error condition occurs with <code>ibentl</code> set to 0xE028002C. You can assign a board number to a GPIB interface by configuring the GPIB software and selecting an interface name. For information about how to configure the GPIB software, refer to the *Configure the GPIB Software* section of Chapter 2, *Installation and Configuration*.

EDVR Error Condition with ibentl Set to 0xE0140025 (-535560155)

If a call is made with a board number that is not within the range of allowed board numbers (typically 0 to 3), an EDVR error condition occurs with ibent1 set to 0xE0140025.

EDVR Error Condition with ibcntl Set to 0xE0140035 (-535560139)

If a call is made with a device name that is not listed in the logical device templates that are part of the GPIB Configuration utility, an EDVR error condition occurs with ibent1 set to 0xE0140035.

EDVR Error Condition with ibentl Set to 0xE0320029 (-533594071) or 0xE1050029 (-519765975)

If a call is made with a board number that is assigned to a GPIB interface that is unusable because of a resource conflict, an EDVR error condition occurs with ibent1 set to 0xE0320029 or 0xE1050029. This error indicates that the GPIB interface is not working properly. Refer to the GPIB Interface Not Working Properly section later in this appendix.

EDVR Error Condition with ibentl set to 0xE1030043 (-519897021)

This error occurs if you have enabled DOS GPIB support and attempted to run an existing GPIB DOS application that was compiled with an older, unsupported DOS language interface.

Troubleshooting Device Manager Problems

The Windows Device Manager contains configuration information for all of the GPIB hardware it is aware of that is installed in your system. To start the Windows Device Manager, double-click on the **System** icon under **Start»Settings»Control Panel**. In the **System Properties** dialog box that appears, select the **Device Manager** tab and click on the **View devices by type** button at the top of the tab.

- If there is no National Instruments GPIB Interfaces item and you are certain you have a GPIB interface installed, refer to the No National Instruments GPIB Interfaces Item section of this appendix.
- If the **National Instruments GPIB Interfaces** item exists, but the GPIB interface you are looking for is not listed there, refer to the *Missing GPIB Interface* section of this appendix.
- If the GPIB interface you are looking for is listed, but has a circled X or exclamation mark (!) over its icon, refer to the *GPIB Interface Not Working Properly* section of this appendix.

No National Instruments GPIB Interfaces Item

The National Instruments GPIB Interfaces item might be missing from the Device Manager because you have not yet used Add New Hardware in the Control Panel to add the new GPIB-PCII/IIA hardware to the system. To start the Add New Hardware applet, double-click on the Add New Hardware icon under Start»Settings»Control Panel. For details on how to use Add New Hardware to add information about Non Plug and Play GPIB hardware, refer to the appropriate hardware

installation section in Chapter 2, *Installation and Configuration*, or Appendix B, *Using the GPIB-PCII/IIA in GPIB-PCIIA Mode*.

Missing GPIB Interface

If the National Instruments GPIB Interfaces item exists, but the GPIB interface you are looking for is not listed there, the GPIB interface is not properly installed. For the GPIB-PCII/IIA, this means that Add New Hardware has not been run to add the new hardware to your Windows system. To run Add New Hardware, double-click on the Add New Hardware icon under Start»Settings»Control Panel. For details on how to use Add New Hardware to add information about your GPIB-PCII/IIA, refer to the appropriate hardware installation section in Chapter 2, Installation and Configuration, or Appendix B, Using the GPIB-PCII/IIA in GPIB-PCII/A Mode.

GPIB Interface Not Working Properly

If a GPIB interface is not working properly, its icon has a circled X or exclamation mark (!) overlaid on it, as shown in Figure C-1.



Figure C-1. GPIB Interface That Is Not Working Properly

This problem can occur for several reasons. If you encounter this problem, the Device Manager should list an error code that indicates why the problem occurred. To see the error code for a particular interface, select the name of the interface and click on the **Properties** button to go to the **General** tab for that GPIB interface. The **Device Status** section of the **General** tab shows the error code. Locate the error code in the following list to find out why your GPIB interface is not working properly.

- Code 8: The GPIB software was incompletely installed. To solve this problem, reinstall the GPIB software.
- Code 22: The GPIB interface is disabled. To enable the GPIB interface, check the appropriate configuration checkbox in the **Device Usage** section of the **General** tab.
- Code 24: The GPIB interface is not installed, or it is not configured to match the resources assigned to it. Either install the GPIB interface, or

- verify that the resources assigned to it on the **Resources** tab match its settings.
- Code 27: Windows was unable to assign the GPIB interface any
 resources. To solve this problem, free up system resources by disabling
 other unnecessary hardware so that enough resources are available for
 the GPIB interface.

Removing System-Reserved Resources

If you have previously installed the Compatibility Release for Windows 95, you should remove any system-reserved resources for your GPIB-PCII/IIA. System-reserved resources are only acquired manually. If you did not use the Device Manager to acquire system-reserved resources, you do not need to use the Device Manager to remove such resources.

To remove any resources that you reserved for your GPIB-PCII/IIA, complete the following steps.

- 1. Select Start»Settings»Control Panel.
- 2. Run the **System** applet by double-clicking on the **System** icon.
- In the System Properties dialog box that appears, select the Device Manager tab.
- 4. Click on the **View devices by type** button at the top of the **Device Manager** tab.
- 5. Double-click on the **Computer** icon.
- 6. In the **Computer Properties** dialog box that appears, click on the **Reserve Resources** tab.
- 7. Remove the **Interrupt request (IRQ)**, **Input/output (I/O)**, and **Direct memory access (DMA)** resources that you reserved for the GPIB-PCII/IIA.
- 8. Click on the **OK** button to exit the **Computer Properties** dialog box.
- 9. Click on the **OK** button again to exit the Device Manager.

Troubleshooting Diagnostic Utility Failures

The following sections explain common error messages generated by the Diagnostic utility.

Missing Software Components

This error occurs if the software components that are necessary for the GPIB software to function correctly are not present in the system. If you encounter this problem, reinstall the GPIB software and run the Diagnostic utility again.

No Properly Configured GPIB Interfaces Found

This error occurs if no GPIB interfaces are physically present in the system, if the Device Manager detected problems with the GPIB interfaces, or if you have not assigned logical board names to your GPIB interfaces using the Device Manager. If you encounter this problem, use the Device Manager to examine the installed GPIB interfaces, resolve any problems reported by the Device Manager, and ensure that logical board names are assigned to each interface. Then, run the Diagnostic utility again.

To access this information in the Device Manager, complete the following steps:

- Double-click on the System icon under Start»Settings» Control Panel.
- 2. In the **System Properties** dialog box that appears, select the **Device Manager** tab.
- Click on the View devices by type button at the top of the Device Manager tab.
- 4. Double-click on the National Instruments GPIB Interfaces icon. If there is no National Instruments GPIB Interfaces icon, either no GPIB interfaces are installed in your system or the GPIB software is installed incorrectly. If you see a National Instruments GPIB Interfaces icon, and a GPIB interface listed under it has a circled X or (!) over its icon, refer to the Troubleshooting Device Manager Problems section earlier this appendix.
- After you have opened the National Instruments GPIB Interfaces icon, double-click on the GPIB interface name and select the GPIB Settings tab to examine the logical board name associated with that interface. If it is set to None, change it to the appropriate name, such as GPIB0.

GPIB Cables Need to Be Disconnected

This error occurs if you have any GPIB cables connected to the GPIB interface. Disconnect all GPIB cables and run the Diagnostic utility again.

Address Resource Conflict

This error occurs if the address resources assigned to a GPIB interface conflict with the address resources being used by other devices in the system. Resource conflicts typically occur when your system contains legacy boards that use resources that have not been reserved properly with the Device Manager. If a resource conflict exists, write down the resource that caused the conflict and refer to the Microsoft Windows Online Help for instructions on how to use the Device Manager to reserve I/O resources for legacy boards. After the conflict has been resolved, run the Diagnostic utility again.

Interrupt Resource Conflict

This error occurs if the interrupt resources assigned to a GPIB interface conflict with the interrupt resources being used by other devices in the system. Resource conflicts typically occur when your system contains legacy boards that use resources that have not been reserved properly with the Device Manager. If a resource conflict exists, write down the resource that caused the conflict and refer to the Microsoft Windows Online Help for instructions on how to use the Device Manager to reserve IRQ resources for legacy boards. After the conflict has been resolved, run the Diagnostic utility again.

DMA Resource Conflict

This error occurs if the DMA resources assigned to a GPIB interface conflict with the DMA resources being used by other devices in the system. Resource conflicts typically occur when your system contains legacy boards that use resources that have not been reserved properly with the Device Manager. If a resource conflict exists, write down the resource that caused the conflict and refer to the Microsoft Windows Online Help for instructions on how to use the Device Manager to reserve DMA resources for legacy boards. After the conflict has been resolved, run the Diagnostic utility again.

Single-Cycle DMA Required

This error occurs if the Diagnostic utility detects that it is unable to perform demand-mode DMA for the GPIB interface and that the GPIB software has not been configured to use single-cycle DMA. GPIB interfaces that use the system DMA controller (such as the GPIB-PCII/IIA) normally use demand-mode DMA. If you get this error, you should use the Device Manager to configure the GPIB software to use single-cycle DMA for all DMA transfers, and then run the Diagnostic utility again.

To configure the GPIB software to use single-cycle DMA for a particular GPIB interface, complete the following steps:

- Double-click on the System icon under Start»Settings» Control Panel.
- In the System Properties dialog box that appears, select the Device Manager tab.
- Click on the View devices by type button at the top of the Device Manager tab.
- 4. Double-click on the **National Instruments GPIB Interfaces** icon.
- 5. Double-click on the name of the GPIB interface to be configured.
- 6. Select the **GPIB Settings** tab.
- 7. Click on the **Advanced** button and make sure that the **Demand Mode DMA** item is unchecked.

GPIB Software Problem Encountered

This error occurs if the Diagnostic utility detects that it is unable to communicate correctly with the GPIB hardware using the installed GPIB software. If you get this error, shut down your computer, restart it, and run the Diagnostic utility again. If the problem persists, try reinstalling the GPIB software.

Unknown Problem Encountered

This error occurs if an unknown problem is encountered while trying to execute the Diagnostic utility. If you encounter this problem, shut down your computer, restart it, and run the Diagnostic utility again. If the problem persists, try reinstalling the GPIB software.

Common Questions

What do I do if my GPIB hardware is listed in the Windows Device Manager with a circled X or exclamation point (!) overlaid on it?

Refer to the *GPIB Interface Not Working Properly* section of this appendix for specific information about what might cause this problem. If you have already completed the troubleshooting steps, fill out the forms in Appendix E, *Customer Communication*, and contact National Instruments.

How can I determine if my board is configured in GPIB-PCII mode or GPIB-PCIIA mode?

If switch 9 on switch block U2 is pushed down on the side labeled PCII, the board is in GPIB-PCII mode. If switch 9 is pushed down on the side labeled PCIIA, the board is in GPIB-PCIIA mode. National Instruments recommends that you use your board in PCII mode, not in GPIB-PCIIA mode, when using Windows, because of a problem with the Windows Device Manager that may arise when using your board in GPIB-PCIIA mode. For more details, refer to Appendix B, *Using the GPIB-PCII/IIA in GPIB-PCIIA Mode*.

What is the difference between GPIB-PCII mode and GPIB-PCIIA mode?

For Windows 95/98, the only difference is that GPIB-PCII mode uses contiguous I/O space, while GPIB-PCIIA mode uses noncontiguous I/O space. Using noncontiguous I/O space can cause problems in Windows; therefore, National Instruments recommends using the GPIB-PCII/IIA in GPIB-PCII mode. For more information about using the board in GPIB-PCIIA mode, refer to Appendix B, *Using the GPIB-PCII/IIA in GPIB-PCIIA Mode*.

Can I use two or more GPIB-PCII/IIA boards configured for use in GPIB-PCIIA mode in the same system using the same interrupt level?

No. Although the GPIB-PCII/IIA board is designed to share the same interrupt level with other GPIB-PCII/IIA boards when configured for use in GPIB-PCIIA mode, Windows does not allow interrupt sharing between GPIB-PCII/IIA boards. However, if there are not enough unique interrupt levels available, you can configure one or more of your GPIB-PCII/IIA boards not to use an interrupt level.

How can I determine which type of GPIB hardware I have installed?

Run the GPIB Configuration utility: select **Start»Settings»Control Panel** and double-click on the **System** icon. Select the **Device Manager**tab in the **System Properties** dialog box. Click on the **View devices by type** radio button at the top of the page. If any GPIB hardware is
correctly installed, a **National Instruments GPIB Interfaces** icon
appears in the list of device types. Double-click on this icon to see a list
of installed GPIB hardware.

How can I determine which version of the GPIB software I have installed?

Run the Diagnostic utility: select the **Diagnostic** item under **Start»Programs»National Instruments GPIB**. A banner at the bottom of the Diagnostic utility window displays the version of the GPIB software that is installed.

What do I do if the Diagnostic utility fails with an error?

Refer to the *Troubleshooting Diagnostic Utility Failures* section of this appendix for specific information about what might cause the Diagnostic utility to fail. If you have already completed the troubleshooting steps, fill out the forms in Appendix E, *Customer Communication*, and contact National Instruments.

How many GPIB interfaces can I configure for use with my GPIB software?

You can configure the GPIB software to communicate with up to 100 GPIB interfaces.

How many devices can I configure for use with my GPIB software?

The GPIB software provides a total of 1,024 logical devices for applications to use. The default number of devices is 32. The maximum number of physical devices you should connect to a single GPIB interface is 14, or fewer, depending on your system configuration.

Are interrupts and DMA required for the GPIB software?

Neither interrupts nor DMA are required.

How can I determine if my GPIB hardware and software are installed properly?

Run the Diagnostic utility: select the **Diagnostic** item under **Start»Programs»National Instruments GPIB.** Refer to the *Troubleshooting Diagnostic Utility Failures* section in this appendix or the online help to troubleshoot any problems.

When should I use the Win32 Interactive Control utility?

You can use the Win32 Interactive Control utility to test and verify instrument communication, troubleshoot problems, and develop your application program. For more information, refer to the *Introduction to the Win32 Interactive Control Utility* section in Chapter 4, *Begin to Use the GPIB Software*.

How do I use a GPIB language interface?

For information about using GPIB language interfaces, refer to Chapter 3, *Developing Your Application*, in the *GPIB User Manual for Win32*.

How do I modify the hardware resources that Windows assigned to my GPIB-PCII/IIA?

To modify the hardware resources assigned to the GPIB-PCII/IIA, double-click on the **System** icon under **Start»Settings»Control Panel**. In the **System Properties** dialog box that appears, select the **Device Manager** tab, click on the **View devices by type** button, and double-click on the **National Instruments GPIB Interfaces** icon. Next, double-click on the **GPIB-PCII/IIA** item under **National Instruments GPIB Interfaces**, and click on the **Resources** tab. Change the **Settings based on** selection or use the **Change Setting** button to modify the resources used by your GPIB-PCII/IIA. Make sure to update the switches and jumpers on your board to match the new assigned resources.

Why does the uninstall program leave some components installed?

The uninstall program removes only items that the GPIB setup program installed. If you add anything to a directory that was created by the GPIB setup program, the uninstall program does not delete that directory, because the directory is not empty after the uninstallation. You need to remove any remaining components yourself.

What information should I have before I call National Instruments?

When you call National Instruments, you should have the results of the Diagnostic utility test. Also, make sure you have filled out the forms in Appendix E, *Customer Communication*.

Specifications



This appendix describes the physical characteristics of the GPIB-PCII/IIA, the transfer rate of the GPIB software, and the recommended operating conditions.

Hardware Characteristics

Table D-1. GPIB-PCII/IIA Hardware Characteristics

Characteristic	Specification
Dimensions	10.7 cm by 11.1 cm (4.2 in. by 4.35 in.)
Power Requirement (from PC/XT/AT I/O channel)	+5 VDC 50 mA typical 120 mA maximum
I/O Connector	IEEE 488 Standard 24-pin
Operating Environment Component Temperature Relative Humidity	0° to 70° C 10% to 90%, noncondensing
Storage Environment Temperature Relative Humidity	-20° to 70° C 5% to 90%, noncondensing
EMI	FCC Class B Certified

Software Transfer Rate

Table D-2. GPIB Software Transfer Rate for the GPIB-PCII/IIA

Transfer Method	Maximum GPIB Transfer Rate	
3-wire (IEEE 488)	280 kbytes/s*	
* Actual speed may vary considerably from speed shown because of system and instrumentation capabilities.		

Customer Communication



For your convenience, this appendix contains forms to help you gather the information necessary to help us solve your technical problems and a form you can use to comment on the product documentation. When you contact us, we need the information on the Technical Support Form and the configuration form, if your manual contains one, about your system configuration to answer your questions as quickly as possible.

National Instruments has technical assistance through electronic, fax, and telephone systems to quickly provide the information you need. Our electronic services include a bulletin board service, an FTP site, a fax-on-demand system, and e-mail support. If you have a hardware or software problem, first try the electronic support systems. If the information available on these systems does not answer your questions, we offer fax and telephone support through our technical support centers, which are staffed by applications engineers.

Electronic Services

Bulletin Board Support

National Instruments has BBS and FTP sites dedicated for 24-hour support with a collection of files and documents to answer most common customer questions. From these sites, you can also download the latest instrument drivers, updates, and example programs. For recorded instructions on how to use the bulletin board and FTP services and for BBS automated information, call 512 795 6990. You can access these services at:

United States: 512 794 5422

Up to 14,400 baud, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, no parity

United Kingdom: 01635 551422

Up to 9,600 baud, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, no parity

France: 01 48 65 15 59

Up to 9,600 baud, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, no parity

FTP Support

To access our FTP site, log on to our Internet host, ftp.natinst.com, as anonymous and use your Internet address, such as joesmith@anywhere.com, as your password. The support files and documents are located in the /support directories.

Fax-on-Demand Support

Fax-on-Demand is a 24-hour information retrieval system containing a library of documents on a wide range of technical information. You can access Fax-on-Demand from a touch-tone telephone at 512 418 1111.

E-Mail Support (Currently USA Only)

You can submit technical support questions to the applications engineering team through e-mail at the Internet address listed below. Remember to include your name, address, and phone number so we can contact you with solutions and suggestions.

support@natinst.com

Telephone and Fax Support

National Instruments has branch offices all over the world. Use the list below to find the technical support number for your country. If there is no National Instruments office in your country, contact the source from which you purchased your software to obtain support.

Country	Telephone	Fax
Australia	03 9879 5166	03 9879 6277
Austria	0662 45 79 90 0	0662 45 79 90 19
Belgium	02 757 00 20	02 757 03 11
Brazil	011 288 3336	011 288 8528
Canada (Ontario)	905 785 0085	905 785 0086
Canada (Québec)	514 694 8521	514 694 4399
Denmark	45 76 26 00	45 76 26 02
Finland	09 725 725 11	09 725 725 55
France	01 48 14 24 24	01 48 14 24 14
Germany	089 741 31 30	089 714 60 35
Hong Kong	2645 3186	2686 8505
Israel	03 6120092	03 6120095
Italy	02 413091	02 41309215
Japan	03 5472 2970	03 5472 2977
Korea	02 596 7456	02 596 7455
Mexico	5 520 2635	5 520 3282
Netherlands	0348 433466	0348 430673
Norway	32 84 84 00	32 84 86 00
Singapore	2265886	2265887
Spain	91 640 0085	91 640 0533
Sweden	08 730 49 70	08 730 43 70
Switzerland	056 200 51 51	056 200 51 55
Taiwan	02 377 1200	02 737 4644
United Kingdom	01635 523545	01635 523154
United States	512 795 8248	512 794 5678

Technical Support Form

Photocopy this form and update it each time you make changes to your software or hardware, and use the completed copy of this form as a reference for your current configuration. Completing this form accurately before contacting National Instruments for technical support helps our applications engineers answer your questions more efficiently.

If you are using any National Instruments hardware or software products related to this problem, include the configuration forms from their user manuals. Include additional pages if necessary. Company Fax (___) _____Phone (___) _____ Computer brand Model Processor Operating system (include version number) Clock speed _____MHz RAM ____MB Display adapter _____ Mouse ___yes ___no Other adapters installed ______ Hard disk capacity _____MB Brand_____ Instruments used _____ National Instruments hardware product model ______ Revision _____ Configuration _____ National Instruments software product ______ Version _____ Configuration _____ The problem is: List any error messages: The following steps reproduce the problem:

Hardware and Software Configuration Form

Record the settings and revisions of your hardware and software on the line to the right of each item. Complete a new copy of this form each time you revise your software or hardware configuration, and use this form as a reference for your current configuration. Completing this form accurately before contacting National Instruments for technical support helps our applications engineers answer your questions more efficiently.

National Instruments	s Products				
GPIB-PCII/IIA Hardware Revision					
	GPIB-PC Mode of GPIB-PCII/IIA				
7210/9914 Mode of GPIB-P	210/9914 Mode of GPIB-PCII/IIA				
GPIB Software for Windows	SPIB Software for Windows 95/98 Version Number on Disk				
Programming Language Inte	rface Version				
Diagnostic Utility Results					
Other Products					
Resources Summary Re	port from the Device N	lanager			
double-clicking on the Syste	m icon under Start»Setting ne Computer icon. Click or box before clicking on OK	s dialog box for the computer by gs»Control Panel. Then click on the Device in the Print button, and check the Print to file			
Programming Environm	nent Information				
Programming Language					
		Compiler Version			
Application Informatio	n				
DOS Application	Win16 Application	Win32 Application			
If Win16 or Win32, method	of accessing DLL (link with	n language interface or direct entry?)			

Documentation Comment Form

for Windows 95/98

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Austin, TX 78730-5039

Title:

National Instruments encourages you to comment on the documentation supplied with our products. This information helps us provide quality products to meet your needs.

Getting Started with Your GPIB-PCII/IIA and the GPIB Software

Edition Date: June 1998 Part Number: 321422C-01 Please comment on the completeness, clarity, and organization of the manual. If you find errors in the manual, please record the page numbers and describe the errors. Thank you for your help. Name _____ Title _____ Company _____ Address _____ Phone (___) _____ Fax (___) ____ Mail to: Technical Publications **Fax to:** Technical Publications National Instruments Corporation National Instruments Corporation

(512) 794-5678



Prefix	Meanings	Value
m-	milli-	10-3
c-	centi-	10-2
k-	kilo-	103
M-	mega-	106

° degrees

% percent

A amperes

ANSI American National Standards Institute

ASIC application-specific integrated circuit

base I/O address lowest I/O address used by the GPIB hardware

C Celsius

CE Conformite Europeene

CPU central processing unit

DLL dynamic link library

DMA direct memory access

EMI electromagnetic interference

FCC Federal Communications Commission

GPIB General Purpose Interface Bus

hex hexadecimal

Hz hertz

IEEE Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers

in. inches

I/O input/output

IRQ interrupt request

ISA Industry Standard Architecture

legacy board ISA board whose system resources are chosen by changing physical

DIP switches or jumpers on the board

m meters

MB megabytes of memory

PC personal computer

RAM random-access memory

resource hardware settings used by devices in a computer system, including ISA

interrupt request, DMA channel, and base I/O address

s seconds

VDC volts direct current