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## Manufacturer: National Instruments

board Assembly 1 art rumbers (Refer to Floeedure 1 for identification procedure).							
Part Number and Revision	Description						
198918C-0#L or later	Spring Terminal, 16-CH Sinking Digital Input, 16-CH Sourcing Digital						
	Output Module						
199270A-0#L or later	DSUB, 16-CH Sinking Digital Input, 16-CH Sourcing Digital Output Module						

### Board Assembly Part Numbers (Refer to Procedure 1 for identification procedure):

# **Volatile Memory**

			Battery	User <sup>1</sup>	System	Sanitization
Target Data	Туре	Size	Backup	Accessible	Accessible	Procedure
I/O Data	Shift Register	4x 8bits	No	Yes	Yes	Cycle Power

## Non-Volatile Memory (incl. Media Storage)

Target Data	Туре	Size	Battery Backup	User Accessible	System Accessible	Sanitization Procedure
Module ID	EEPROM	1KB	No	No	Yes	None

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Refer to *Terms and Definitions* section for clarification of *User* and *System Accessible*.



### Procedures

### **Procedure 1 – Board Assembly Part Number identification:**

To determine the Board Assembly Part Number and Revision, look for the white label at the bottom of the module. The Assembly Part Number should be formatted as "######<Rev Letter>-##L" (where '#' are numbers).

### **Procedure 2 - Device Configuration EEPROM (Calibration Metadata):**

The user-accessible areas of the Device Configuration EEPROM are exposed through a calibration Applications Programming Interface (API) in LabVIEW. Follow the instructions in KB <u>4GHLANQE</u> for changing the calibration password and clearing the user-defined information.



# **Terms and Definitions**

### **Cycle Power:**

The process of completely removing power from the device and its components and allowing for adequate discharge. This process includes a complete shutdown of the PC and/or chassis containing the device; a reboot is not sufficient for the completion of this process.

### **Volatile Memory:**

Requires power to maintain the stored information. When power is removed from this memory, its contents are lost. This type of memory typically contains application specific data such as capture waveforms.

### **Non-Volatile Memory:**

Power is not required to maintain the stored information. Device retains its contents when power is removed. This type of memory typically contains information necessary to boot, configure, or calibrate the product or may include device power up states.

### User Accessible:

The component is read and/or write addressable such that a user can store arbitrary information to the component from the host using a publicly distributed NI tool, such as a Driver API, the System Configuration API, or MAX.

### System Accessible:

The component is read and/or write addressable from the host without the need to physically alter the product.

### **Clearing:**

Per *NIST Special Publication 800-88 Revision 1*, "clearing" is a logical technique to sanitize data in all User Accessible storage locations for protection against simple non-invasive data recovery techniques using the same interface available to the user; typically applied through the standard read and write commands to the storage device.

### Sanitization:

Per *NIST Special Publication 800-88 Revision 1*, "sanitization" is a process to render access to "Target Data" on the media infeasible for a given level of effort. In this document, clearing is the degree of sanitization described.