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Manufacturer: National Instruments

Board Assembly Part Numbers (Refer to Procedure 1 for identification procedure):

Part Number and Revision	Description
196632C-01L or later	**SWB-2815A or NI 2815A**
196632C-02L or later	**SWB-2815B or NI 2815B**
196635D-01L or later	**SWB-2816A or NI 2816A**
196635D-02L or later	**SWB-2816B or NI 2816B**
151570A-01L or later	**SWB-2817A or NI 2817A**
151570A-02L or later	**SWB-2817B or NI 2817B**

Volatile Memory

Target Data	*Type*	*Size*	*Battery Backup*	*User[1] Accessible*	*System Accessible*	*Sanitization Procedure*
None						

Non-Volatile Memory (*incl. Media Storage*)

Target Data	*Type*	*Size*	*Battery Backup*	*User Accessible*	*System Accessible*	*Sanitization Procedure*
Device Information	Flash	1 Mb	No			
• Device Configuration				No	Yes	None
• Relay Counts				Yes	Yes	Procedure 2
Relay drivers	CPLD (x2)	512 Macrocells each	No	No	Yes	None
Relay drivers	CPLD	128 Macrocells	No	No	Yes	None

[1] Refer to *Terms and Definitions* section for clarification of *User* and *System Accessible*

Procedures

Procedure 1 –Board Assembly Part Number Identification:
To determine the Board Assembly Part Number and Revision, refer to the label or stamp applied to the surface of your product. The Assembly Part Number should be formatted as "#####A-##L. This may be located near the rear connector on either face of the module.

Procedure 2 – Non-Volatile Memory, Device Information, Relay Counts

1. Open NI-SWITCH Soft Front Panel
2. Select the desired device from "Device" pull down menu
3. Select File >> Relay Maintenance
4. Select the desired relay from the "Relay Name" pull down menu
5. Check the "Edit Count" box
6. Enter 0 for New Relay Count
7. Click OK
8. Repeat steps 1-7 for each desired relay

Terms and Definitions

Cycle Power:
The process of completely removing power from the device and its components and allowing for adequate discharge. This process includes a complete shutdown of the PC and/or chassis containing the device; a reboot is not sufficient for the completion of this process.

Volatile Memory:
Requires power to maintain the stored information. When power is removed from this memory, its contents are lost. This type of memory typically contains application specific data such as capture waveforms.

Non-Volatile Memory:
Power is not required to maintain the stored information. Device retains its contents when power is removed. This type of memory typically contains information necessary to boot, configure, or calibrate the product or may include device power up states.

User Accessible:
The component is read and/or write addressable such that a user can store arbitrary information to the component from the host using a publicly distributed NI tool, such as a Driver API, the System Configuration API, or MAX.

System Accessible:
The component is read and/or write addressable from the host without the need to physically alter the product.

Clearing:
Per *NIST Special Publication 800-88 Revision 1*, "clearing" is a logical technique to sanitize data in all User Accessible storage locations for protection against simple non-invasive data recovery techniques using the same interface available to the user; typically applied through the standard read and write commands to the storage device.

Sanitization:
Per *NIST Special Publication 800-88 Revision 1*, "sanitization" is a process to render access to "Target Data" on the media infeasible for a given level of effort. In this document, clearing is the degree of sanitization described.