



# **NI UES-3880**

## **Hardware Installation Guide**

**First Edition, Sept 2007**

# Overview

The NI UES-3880 is a smart Ethernet switch that provides an economical solution for your Ethernet connections. As an added bonus, the built-in smart alarm function helps system maintainers monitor the health of your Ethernet network.

The NI UES-3880 has a wide operating temperature range of -40 to 75°C, and is designed to withstand a high degree of vibration and shock. The rugged hardware design makes either model perfect for ensuring that your Ethernet equipment can withstand critical industrial applications, and complies with FCC and CE Standards.

## Package Checklist

Your NI UES-3880 is shipped with the following items. If any of these items are missing or damaged, please contact your customer service representative for assistance.

- NI UES-3880 Switch
- Hardware Installation Guide
- Protective caps for unused ports

## Features

### *High Performance Network Switching Technology*

- 10/100BaseT(X) (RJ45)
- IEEE802.3/802.3u/802.3x
- Store and Forward switching process type, with 1024 address entries
- 10/100M, Full/Half-Duplex, MDI/MDIX auto-sensing

### *Industrial Grade Reliability*

- Power failure, port break alarm by relay output
- Redundant dual DC power inputs

### *Rugged Design*

- Operating temperature range from -40 to 75°C
- IP30, rugged high-strength case
- DIN-rail or panel mounting ability



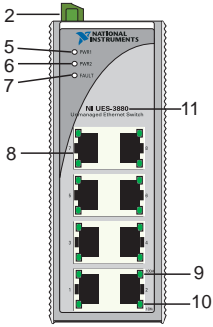
### WARNING

The power for this product is intended to be supplied by a Listed Power Supply, with output marked LPS, and rated to deliver 12 to 48 VDC at a maximum of 0.6A.

The DC jack should be used with an LPS unit that is rated to deliver 12 to 48 VDC at a minimum of 1.1A. The product should not be disassembled by operators or service people.

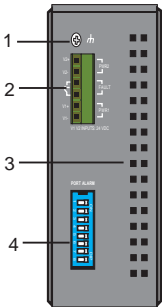
# Panel Layout

Front Panel View

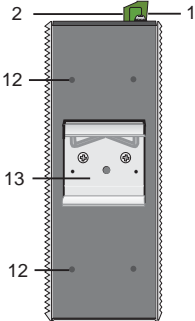


1. Grounding screw
2. Terminal block for power inputs PWR1/PWR2 and relay output
3. Heat dissipation orifices
4. DIP switches
5. Power input PWR1 LED
6. Power input PWR2 LED
7. Fault LED
8. 10/100BaseT(X) Port
9. TP port's 100 Mbps LED
10. TP port's 10 Mbps LED
11. Model Name
12. Screw holes for wall mounting kit
13. DIN-rail Kit

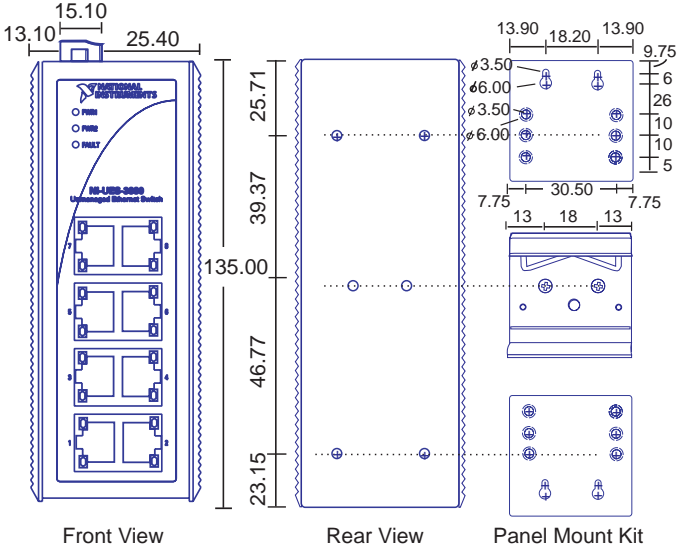
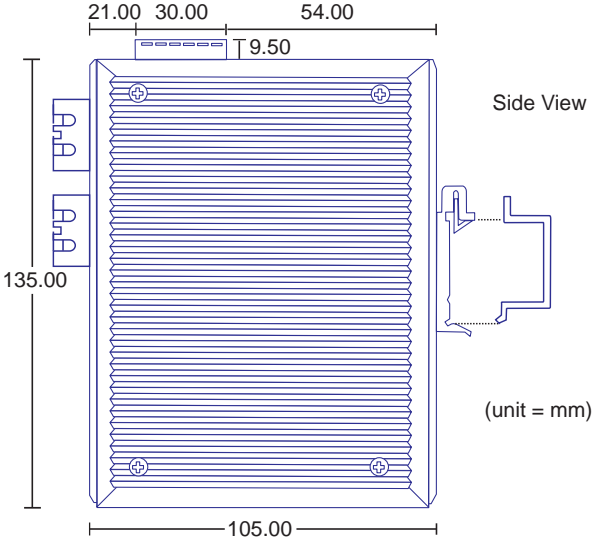
Top Panel View



Rear Panel View



# Mounting Dimensions (unit = mm)

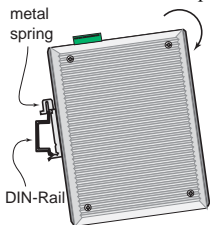


# DIN-rail Mounting

The aluminum DIN-rail attachment plate should already be fixed to the back panel of the switch when you take it out of the box. If you need to reattach the DIN-rail attachment plate, make sure the stiff metal spring is situated towards the top, as shown in the figures below.

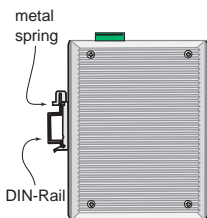
## STEP 1:

Insert the top of the DIN-rail into the slot just below the stiff metal spring.



## STEP 2:

The DIN-rail attachment unit will snap into place as shown below.



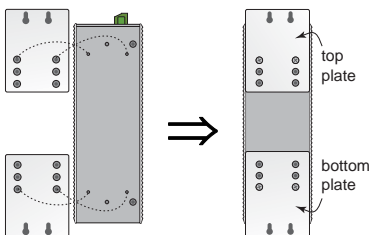
To remove the switch from the DIN-rail, simply reverse Steps 1 and 2 above.

# Wall Mounting (optional)

For some applications, you will find it convenient to mount the NI UES-3880 on the wall, as illustrated below.

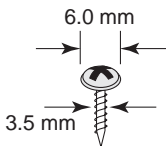
## STEP 1:

Remove the aluminum DIN-rail attachment plate from the NI UES-3880's rear panel, and then attach the wall mount plates, as shown in the diagram below.



## STEP 2:

Mounting the NI UES-3880 on the wall requires 4 screws. Use the switch, with wall mount plates attached, as a guide to mark the correct locations of the 4 screws. The heads of the screws should be less than 6.0 mm in diameter, and the shafts should be less than 3.5 mm in diameter, as shown in the figure at the right.

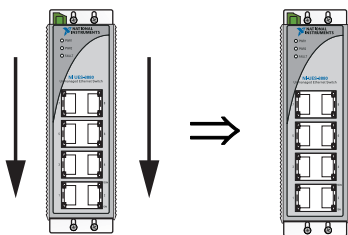


**NOTE** Before tightening the screws into the wall, make sure the screw head and shank size are suitable by inserting the screw into one of the keyhole-shaped apertures of the Wall Mounting Plates.

Do not screw the screws in all the way—leave about 2 mm to allow room for sliding the wall mount panel between the wall and the screws.

### STEP 3:

Once the screws are fixed in the wall, insert the four screw heads through the large parts of the keyhole-shaped apertures, and then slide the NI UES-3880 downwards, as indicated. Tighten the four screws for added stability.



## Wiring Requirements



### WARNING

Do not disconnect modules or wires unless the power supply has been switched off or the area is known to be non-hazardous. The devices may only be connected to the supply voltage shown on the type plate.

The devices are designed for operation with a Safety Extra-Low Voltage. Thus, they may only be connected to the supply voltage connections and to the signal contact with the Safety Extra-Low Voltages (SELV) in compliance with IEC950/ EN60950/ VDE0805.



### WARNING

Substitution of components may impair suitability for Class I, Division 2, and Zone 2. These devices must be supplied by an SELV source as defined in Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC and 93/68/EEC.



### WARNING

This unit is a built-in type. When the unit is installed in another piece of equipment, the equipment enclosing the unit must comply with fire enclosure regulation IEC 60950/EN60950 (or similar regulation).



### WARNING

#### **Safety First!**

Be sure to disconnect the power cord before installing and/or wiring your Switch.

Calculate the maximum possible current in each power wire and common wire. Observe all electrical codes dictating the maximum current allowable for each wire size.

If the current goes above the maximum ratings, the wiring could overheat, causing serious damage to your equipment.

You should also pay attention to the following items:

- Use separate paths to route wiring for power and devices. If power wiring and device wiring paths must cross, make sure the wires are perpendicular at the intersection point.
- NOTE: Do not run signal or communications wiring and power wiring in the same wire conduit. To avoid interference, wires with different signal characteristics should be routed separately.
- You can use the type of signal transmitted through a wire to determine which wires should be kept separate. The rule of thumb is that wiring that shares similar electrical characteristics can be bundled together.
- Keep input wiring and output wiring separated.
- It is strongly advised that you label wiring to all devices in the system when necessary.

## Grounding the Switch

Grounding and wire routing help limit the effects of noise due to electromagnetic interference (EMI). Run the ground connection from the ground screw to the grounding surface prior to connecting devices.

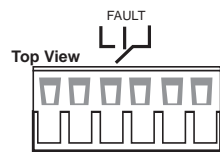


### ATTENTION

This product is intended to be mounted to a well-grounded mounting surface, such as a metal panel.

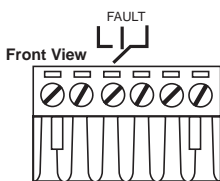
## Wiring the Alarm Contact

The Alarm Contact consists of the two middle contacts of the terminal block on the NI UES-3880's top panel. You may refer to the next section for detailed instructions on how to connect the wires to the terminal block connector, and how to attach the terminal block connector to the terminal block receptor. In this section, we explain the meaning of the two contacts used to connect the Alarm Contact.



**FAULT:** The two middle contacts of the 6-contact terminal block connector are used to detect both power faults and port faults. The two wires attached to the Fault contacts form an open circuit when:

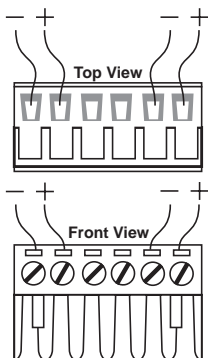
1. The NI UES-3880 has lost power from one of the DC power inputs.
- OR
2. One of the ports for which the corresponding PORT ALARM DIP Switch is set to ON is not properly connected.



If neither of these two conditions is satisfied, the Fault circuit will be closed.

## Wiring the Redundant Power Inputs

The top two contacts and the bottom two contacts of the 6-contact terminal block connector on the NI UES-3880's top panel are used for the NI UES-3880's two DC inputs. Top and front views of one of the terminal block connectors are shown here.



**STEP 1:** Insert the negative/positive DC wires into the V-/V+ terminals.

**STEP 2:** To keep the DC wires from pulling loose, use a small flat-blade screwdriver to tighten the wire-clamp screws on the front of the terminal block connector.

**STEP 3:** Insert the plastic terminal block connector prongs into the terminal block receptor, which is located on the NI UES-3880's top panel.



**ATTENTION**

Before connecting the NI UES-3880 to the DC power inputs, make sure the DC power source voltage is stable.

## 10/100BaseT(X) Ethernet Port Connection

The 10/100BaseT(X) ports located on the NI UES-3880's front panel are used to connect to Ethernet-enabled devices.

Below we show pinouts for both MDI (NIC-type) ports and MDI-X (HUB/Switch-type) ports, and also show cable wiring diagrams for straight-through and cross-over Ethernet cables.

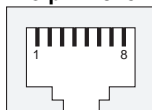
**MDI Port Pinouts**

Pin	Signal
1	Tx+
2	Tx-
3	Rx+
6	Rx-

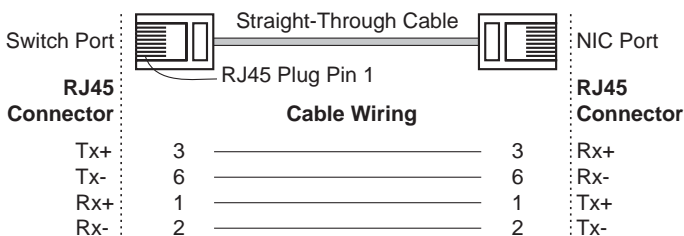
**MDI-X Port Pinouts**

Pin	Signal
1	Rx+
2	Rx-
3	Tx+
6	Tx-

**8-pin RJ45**

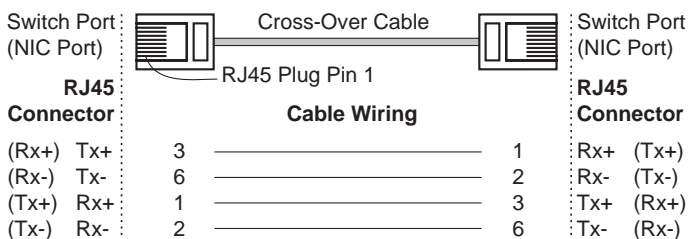


**RJ45 (8-pin) to RJ45 (8-pin) Straight-Through Cable Wiring**





## RJ45 (8-pin) to RJ45 (8-pin) Cross-Over Cable Wiring



## Redundant Power Inputs

Both power inputs can be connected simultaneously to live DC power sources. If one power source fails, the other live source acts as a backup, and automatically supplies all of the NI UES-3880's power needs.

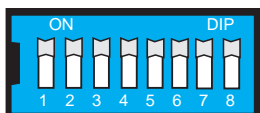
## Alarm Contact

The NI UES-3880 has one Alarm Contact located on the top panel. For detailed instructions on how to connect the Alarm Contact power wires to the two middle contacts of the 6-contact terminal block connector, see the Wiring the Alarm Contact section. A typical scenario would be to connect the Fault circuit to a warning light located in the control room. The light can be set up to switch on when a fault is detected.

The Alarm Contact has two terminals that form a Fault circuit for connecting to an alarm system. The two wires attached to the Fault contacts form an open circuit when (1) the NI UES-3880 has lost power from one of the DC power inputs, or (2) one of the ports for which the corresponding PORT ALARM DIP Switch is set to ON is not properly connected.

If neither of these two conditions occurs, the Fault circuit will be closed.

## DIP Switch Settings



**ON:** Enables the corresponding PORT Alarm. If the port's link fails, the relay will form an open circuit and the fault LED will light up.

**Off:** Disables the corresponding PORT Alarm. The relay will form a closed circuit and the Fault LED will never light up.

## LED Indicators

The front panel of the NI Switch contains several LED indicators. The function of each LED is described in the table below.

LED	Color	State	Description
PWR1	AMBER	On	Power is being supplied to power input PWR1
		Off	Power is <b>not</b> being supplied to power input PWR1
PWR2	AMBER	On	Power is being supplied to power input PWR2
		Off	Power is <b>not</b> being supplied to power input PWR2
FAULT	RED	On	When the corresponding PORT alarm is enabled, and the port's link is inactive.
		Off	When the corresponding PORT alarm is enabled and the port's link is active, or when the corresponding PORT alarm is disabled.
10M	GREEN	On	TP port's 10 Mbps link is active
		Blinking	Data is being transmitted at 10 Mbps
		Off	TP Port's 10 Mbps link is inactive
100M	GREEN	On	TP port's 100 Mbps link is active
		Blinking	Data is being transmitted at 100 Mbps
		Off	TP Port's 100 Mbps link is inactive

## Auto MDI/MDI-X Connection

The Auto MDI/MDI-X function allows users to connect the NI UES-3880's 10/100BaseTX ports to any kind of Ethernet device, without needing to pay attention to the type of Ethernet cable being used for the connection. This means that you can use either a *straight-through* cable or *cross-over* cable to connect the NI UES-3880 to Ethernet devices.

## Dual Speed Functionality and Switching

The NI UES-3880's 10/100 Mbps switched RJ45 port auto-negotiates with the connected device for the fastest data transmission rate supported by both devices. The NI UES-3880 is a plug-and-play devices, so that software configuration is not required at installation, or during maintenance. The half/full duplex mode for the switched RJ45 ports is user dependent and changes (by auto-negotiation) to full or half duplex, depending on which transmission speed is supported by the attached device.

## Switching, Filtering, and Forwarding

Each time a packet arrives at one of the switched ports, a decision is made to either filter or forward the packet. Packets with source and destination addresses belonging to the same port segment will be filtered, constraining those packets to one port, and relieving the rest of the network from the need to process them. A packet with destination address on another port segment will be forwarded to the appropriate port, and will not be sent to the other ports

where it is not needed. Packets that are used in maintaining the operation of the network (such as the occasional multi-cast packet) are forwarded to all ports.

The NI UES-3880 operates in the store-and-forward switching mode, which eliminates bad packets and enables peak performance to be achieved when there is heavy traffic on the network.

## Switching and Address Learning

The NI UES-3880 has an address table that can hold up to 1K node addresses, which makes it suitable for use with large networks. The address tables are self-learning, so that as nodes are added or removed, or moved from one segment to another, the NI UES-3880 automatically keeps up with new node locations. An address-aging algorithm causes the least-used addresses to be deleted in favor of newer, more frequently used addresses. To reset the address buffer, power down the unit and then power it back up.

## Auto-Negotiation and Speed Sensing

The NI UES-3880 is a RJ45 Ethernet ports independently support auto-negotiation for speeds in the 10BaseT and 100BaseTX modes, with operation according to the IEEE 802.3u standard. This means that some nodes could be operating at 10 Mbps, while at the same time, other nodes are operating at 100 Mbps.

Auto-negotiation takes place when an RJ45 cable connection is made, and then each time a LINK is enabled. The NI UES-3880 advertises its capability for using either 10 Mbps or 100 Mbps transmission speeds, with the device at the other end of the cable expected to similarly advertise. Depending on what type of device is connected, this will result in agreement to operate at a speed of either 10 Mbps or 100 Mbps.

If the NI UES-3880 RJ45 Ethernet port is connected to a non-negotiating device, it will default to 10 Mbps speed and half-duplex mode, as required by the IEEE 802.3u standard.

# Specifications

## Technology

Standards	IEEE802.3, 802.3u, 802.3x
Forward and Filtering Rate	148810 pps
Packet Buffer Memory	256 KB
Processing Type	Store and Forward, with IEEE802.3x full duplex, back pressure flow control
Address Table Size	1K uni-cast addresses
Latency	Less than 5 $\mu$ s

## Interface

RJ45 Ports	10/100BaseT(X) auto negotiation speed, F/H duplex mode, and auto MDI/MDI-X connection
LED Indicators	Power, Fault, 10M, 100M
DIP Switch	Port break alarm mask
Alarm Contact	One relay output with current carrying capacity of 1A @ 24 VDC

## Power

Input Voltage	12 to 48 VDC, redundant inputs
Input Current @ 24VDC	0.25 A
Connection	Removable “6-pin” Terminal Block
Overload Current Protection	1.1 A
Reverse Polarity Protection	Present

## Mechanical

Casing	IP30 protection, metal case
Dimensions	53.6 × 135 × 105 mm (W × H × D)
Weight	0.63 kg
Installation	DIN-rail, Wall Mounting
Environmental	
Operating Temperature	-40 to 75°C (-40 to 167°F)
Storage Temperature	-40 to 85°C (-40 to 185°F)
Ambient Relative Humidity	5 to 95% (non-condensing)

## Regulatory Approvals

Safety	UL60950-1, CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1, EN60950-1, TUV
Hazardous Location EMI	UL/cUL Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, and D FCC Part 15, CISPR (EN55022) class A EN61000-4-2 (ESD), Level 3 EN61000-4-3 (RS), Level 3
EMS	EN61000-4-4 (EFT), Level 3 EN61000-4-5 (Surge), Level 3 EN61000-4-6 (CS), Level 3
Operating Shock	15g, half-sine, 11 ms pulse
Operating Vibration	10 Hz to 150 Hz, 1 grms

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